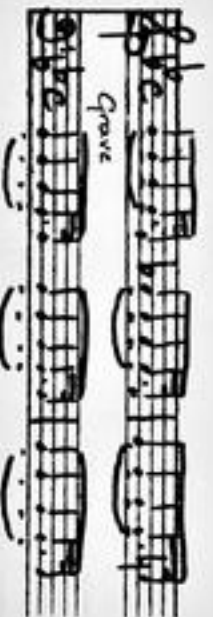


Graupner, Christoph (1683-1760)

BRD DS Mus.ms 449/10

Das innerliche Leyden Jesu/im Garten/  
Erzittere toll und freche Welt, dein/Bürge/a/2 Violin Conc./  
2 Violin/Viola/Oboe unis./Fagotto/Canto/Alto/Tenore/Basso/  
e/Continuo./Dn.Invocavit/1741.



Autograph Januar 1741. 35,5 x 21,5 cm.

partitur: 7 Bl. Alte Zählung: 4 Bogen.

18 St.: C,A(3x),T,B(2x),vl.conc.1,2,vl 1(2x),2,vla,vlne(2x),  
bc, ob,fag.

1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,2,2,2,1,2,2,2,1,1 Bl.

Alte Sign.:174/10. Text:Johann Conrad Lichtenberg, 1741.



Der innmliche Luythen Jhesu  
in Gomben

Luythen Tell und fonsen Holt, in den Büngen p

Mus 449/  
10

174.

10

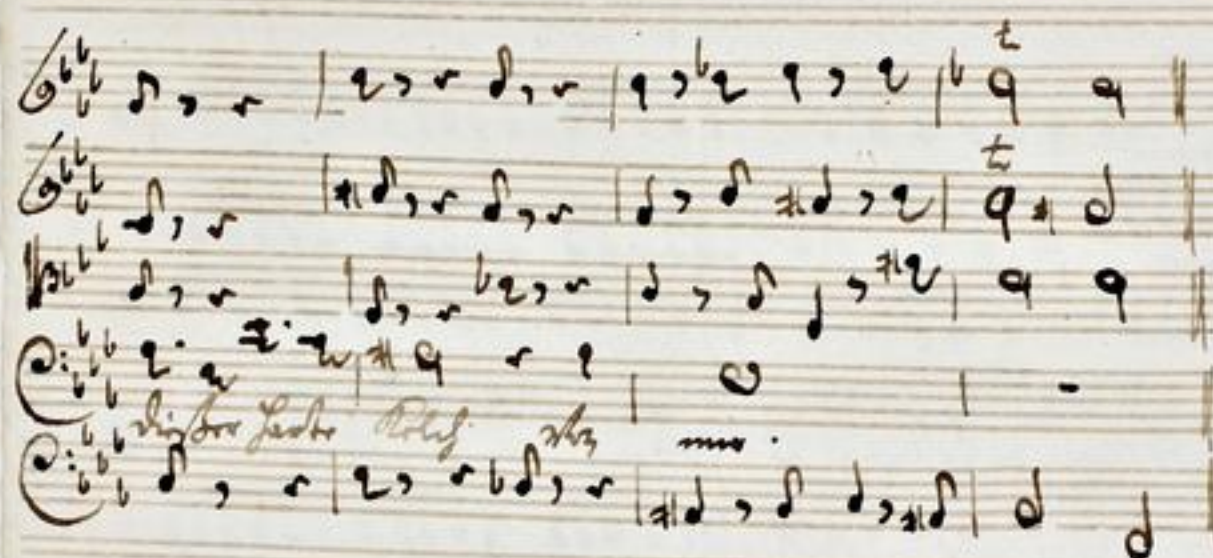
==

Partitur  
33<sup>t</sup> Insprang. 1741











Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves with notes and lyrics. The lyrics are in German and appear to be a hymn or religious song. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, notes, rests, and bar lines. The handwriting is in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.

Lyrics (German):  
 Ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind.  
 Ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind.  
 Ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind.  
 Ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves with notes and lyrics. The lyrics are in German and appear to be a hymn or religious song. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, notes, rests, and bar lines. The handwriting is in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.

Lyrics (German):  
 Ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind.  
 Ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind.  
 Ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind.  
 Ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves with notes and lyrics. The lyrics are in German and appear to be a hymn or religious song. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, notes, rests, and bar lines. The handwriting is in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.

Lyrics (German):  
 Ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind.  
 Ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind.  
 Ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind.  
 Ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind, ich bin ein armes Kind.



Handwritten musical score for voices and instruments. The lyrics are in German, repeated across four staves:

*higlit di der gott gilt di der gott gilt.*  
*higlit di der gott gilt di der gott gilt.*  
*higlit di der gott gilt di der gott gilt.*  
*higlit di der gott gilt di der gott gilt.*

Handwritten musical score for strings, marked *grave*. The notation includes various string figures and rests.

Handwritten musical score for strings, continuing the previous section with more complex rhythmic patterns.

Handwritten musical score for strings, concluding with a final section of notes and rests.



Handwritten musical score on five staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, notes, rests, and accidentals. The lyrics are written in German, including "Hilff", "Gott", "Gloria", and "Gott". The score is written in a historical style, likely from the 17th or 18th century.

Handwritten musical score on five staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, notes, rests, and accidentals. The lyrics are written in German, including "Hilff", "Gott", "Gloria", and "Gott". The score is written in a historical style, likely from the 17th or 18th century.

Handwritten musical score on five staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, notes, rests, and accidentals. The lyrics are written in German, including "Hilff", "Gott", "Gloria", and "Gott". The score is written in a historical style, likely from the 17th or 18th century.



Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves with notes and lyrics. The lyrics are in German, including "Gott" and "Gloria". The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves with notes and lyrics. The lyrics are in German, including "Gott" and "Gloria". The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves with notes and lyrics. The lyrics are in German, including "Gott" and "Gloria". The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves with notes and lyrics. The lyrics are in German, including "Gott" and "Gloria". The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.



*Viol.*

*Viol.*

*Viol.*

*Viol.*

*Viol.*

*Viol.*

*Viol.*

*Viol.*







Handwritten musical notation on five staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and clefs. The lyrics are written in German and appear to be a liturgical or religious text.

Da Cyru  
Da Cyru  
Da Cyru  
Da Cyru  
Da Cyru  
Da Cyru  
Da Cyru  
Da Cyru  
Da Cyru

Auf der Loe  
Repetatur.  
Q

Handwritten text: *Handwritten text*

Handwritten musical notation on five staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and clefs. The lyrics are written in German and appear to be a liturgical or religious text.

Choral.  
Zweit für die Zeit mit Beise  
Wie Luthers im die Zeit

Handwritten text: *Handwritten text*

Handwritten musical notation on five staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and clefs. The lyrics are written in German and appear to be a liturgical or religious text.

Ein Lob ist ganz mit der Zeit  
Wie Luthers im die Zeit  
Wie Luthers im die Zeit  
Wie Luthers im die Zeit  
Wie Luthers im die Zeit  
Wie Luthers im die Zeit  
Wie Luthers im die Zeit  
Wie Luthers im die Zeit  
Wie Luthers im die Zeit



Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring six staves. The notation is in a historical style, likely 18th or 19th century. The first staff contains a series of notes, followed by a rest. The second staff contains a series of notes, followed by a rest. The third staff contains a series of notes, followed by a rest. The fourth staff contains a series of notes, followed by a rest. The fifth staff contains a series of notes, followed by a rest. The sixth staff contains a series of notes, followed by a rest.

*Handwritten lyrics in German:*

*...denn ich bin ein armer Sünder...*

*...und ich bin ein armer Sünder...*

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring six staves. The notation is in a historical style, likely 18th or 19th century. The first staff contains a series of notes, followed by a rest. The second staff contains a series of notes, followed by a rest. The third staff contains a series of notes, followed by a rest. The fourth staff contains a series of notes, followed by a rest. The fifth staff contains a series of notes, followed by a rest. The sixth staff contains a series of notes, followed by a rest.

*Handwritten lyrics in German:*

*...denn ich bin ein armer Sünder...*

*...und ich bin ein armer Sünder...*

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring six staves. The notation is in a historical style, likely 18th or 19th century. The first staff contains a series of notes, followed by a rest. The second staff contains a series of notes, followed by a rest. The third staff contains a series of notes, followed by a rest. The fourth staff contains a series of notes, followed by a rest. The fifth staff contains a series of notes, followed by a rest. The sixth staff contains a series of notes, followed by a rest.



Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves with notes, rests, and clefs. The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century. The page is numbered '1' in the top left corner.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves with notes, rests, and clefs. The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century. The page is numbered '2' in the top left corner.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring multiple staves with notes, rests, and clefs. The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century. The page is numbered '3' in the top left corner.



Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring three systems of staves. The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 16th or 17th century. The first system consists of six staves, with the first three staves containing dense, complex musical notation and the last three staves containing simpler notation. The second system also consists of six staves, with the first three staves containing dense notation and the last three staves containing simpler notation. The third system consists of six staves, with the first three staves containing dense notation and the last three staves containing simpler notation. The notation is written in a dark ink on aged, slightly discolored paper.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring three systems of staves. The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 16th or 17th century. The first system consists of six staves, with the first three staves containing dense, complex musical notation and the last three staves containing simpler notation. The second system also consists of six staves, with the first three staves containing dense notation and the last three staves containing simpler notation. The third system consists of six staves, with the first three staves containing dense notation and the last three staves containing simpler notation. The notation is written in a dark ink on aged, slightly discolored paper.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring three systems of staves. The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 16th or 17th century. The first system consists of six staves, with the first three staves containing dense, complex musical notation and the last three staves containing simpler notation. The second system also consists of six staves, with the first three staves containing dense notation and the last three staves containing simpler notation. The third system consists of six staves, with the first three staves containing dense notation and the last three staves containing simpler notation. The notation is written in a dark ink on aged, slightly discolored paper.



Handwritten musical score on a single system with eight staves. The notation is in a historical style, featuring various note values and clefs. The music is written in a single system across eight staves. There are some handwritten annotations in German, including "die hochste gung" and "welche sich nicht findet".

Handwritten musical score on a single system with eight staves. The notation is in a historical style, featuring various note values and clefs. The music is written in a single system across eight staves. There are some handwritten annotations in German, including "in der" and "mit der".

Handwritten musical score on a single system with eight staves. The notation is in a historical style, featuring various note values and clefs. The music is written in a single system across eight staves. There are some handwritten annotations in German, including "in der" and "mit der".



Handwritten musical score for the first system, featuring five staves with notes and rests. The lyrics "Da Capo" are written to the right of the staves.

Handwritten musical score for the second system, featuring five staves with notes and rests. The lyrics "Da Capo" are written to the right of the staves.

Handwritten musical score for the third system, featuring five staves with notes and rests. The lyrics "Da Capo" are written to the right of the staves.

Handwritten musical score for the fourth system, featuring five staves with notes and rests. The lyrics "Da Capo" are written to the right of the staves.

Choral v. 12. *Wohi Luffig vns* *Da Capo*

*Soli Deo Gloria.*



8  
Des innerlichen Geistes  
im Garten

Geistliche Lieder und große Misset, die  
Singer.

a

2 Violin Con.

2 Violin

Viola

Oboe und  
Fagott

Canz

Mz

Tenore

Bass

Dr. J. J. J. J.  
1741.

e

Continuo







Handwritten musical score on ten staves, featuring various musical notations, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The score is written in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.

The notation includes various note values (e.g., eighth, sixteenth, and thirty-second notes), rests, and dynamic markings such as *pp.* (pianissimo) and *ff.* (fortissimo). The key signature is predominantly one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4.

Handwritten annotations above the staves include:

- 6 4 3 #
- 6 4 3 #
- 6 4 3 #
- 6 4 3 #
- 6 4 3 #
- 6 4 3 #
- 6 4 3 #
- 6 4 3 #
- 6 4 3 #
- 6 4 3 #

The text "Capo Ariosu auf Wasser Capo." is written across the fourth staff. The text "Lied auf Wasser" is written across the seventh staff.

The score concludes with a double bar line and a final note on the tenth staff.



Handwritten musical score on five staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals. The fifth staff concludes with the text "Choral Hapo" followed by a double bar line and a key signature change to three sharps (F#, C#, G#).

pp. — fmo.



# Violino Concerto.

110

*Recit. Amosol. Recit. Chorus*

*grave.*

*forte*

*1.*

*2.*

*Capo*



*Soli.*  
*Liedw. 1. u. 2. r.*

Capo #



Violino 2

*Solo*  
*Andante*

The musical score is written on eight staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 3/4 time signature. The music is written in a cursive, handwritten style. The first staff has a 'Solo' marking above it and an 'Andante' marking below it. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some rests. The second staff continues the melody. The third staff has a '1.' marking above it. The fourth staff has a '1.' marking above it. The fifth staff has a '1.' marking above it. The sixth staff has a '1.' marking above it. The seventh staff has a '1.' marking above it. The eighth staff has a '2.' marking above it and ends with a double bar line and the word 'Capo'.



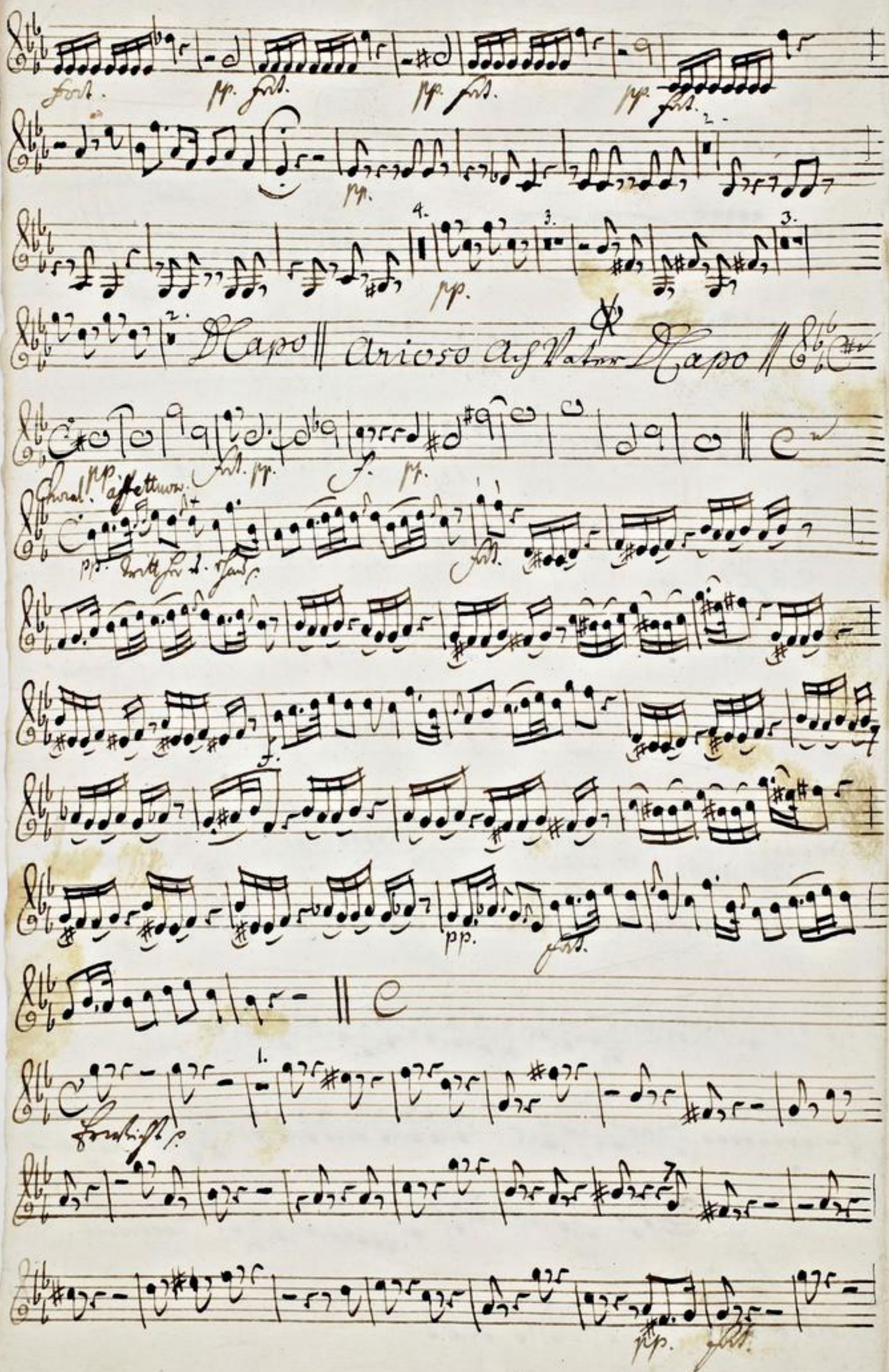
Grave.

*Violino. 1.*

12

Handwritten musical score for "Die Schöne" by Carl Maria von Weber. The score is written on ten staves, featuring various musical notations including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The title "Die Schöne" is written in a decorative script at the top. The score includes a "Recitativo" section and a "grave" section. The manuscript is on aged, slightly stained paper.







Handwritten musical score on five staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The second staff continues the melody. The third staff ends with the word "Capo" and a double bar line. The fourth staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp, and includes dynamic markings such as "pp" and "f". The fifth staff continues the melody and ends with a double bar line.

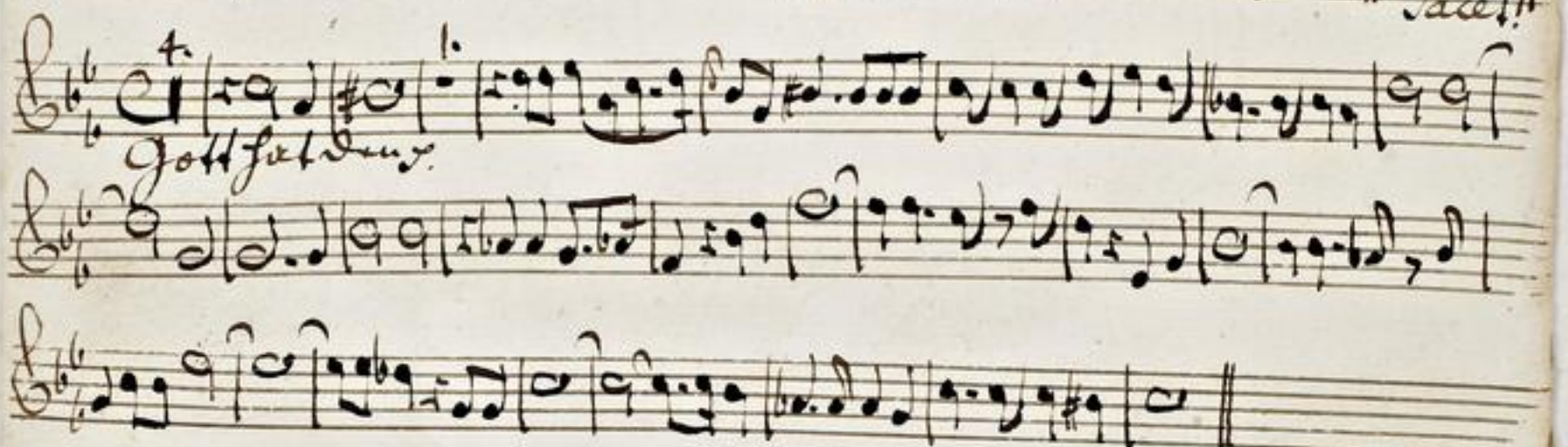
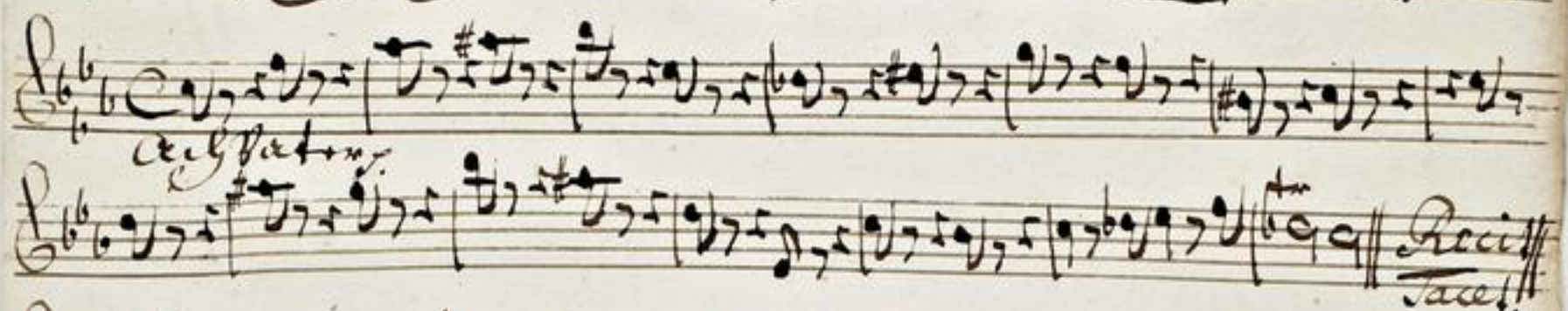
Choral Capo



Grave.

Violino. I.

14





Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves with musical notation, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The score is written in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.

Key markings and sections include:

- pp.* (pianissimo) and *f.* (forte) dynamic markings.
- Capo* marking.
- Allegretto* tempo marking.
- Accomp.* (Accompagnamento) marking.
- Choral affettuoso.* (Choral, affectionate) marking.
- pp. Trill for* (pianissimo, Trill for) marking.
- Allegretto* tempo marking.
- pp.* (pianissimo) marking.

The notation includes various note values, rests, and bar lines, typical of historical musical manuscripts.



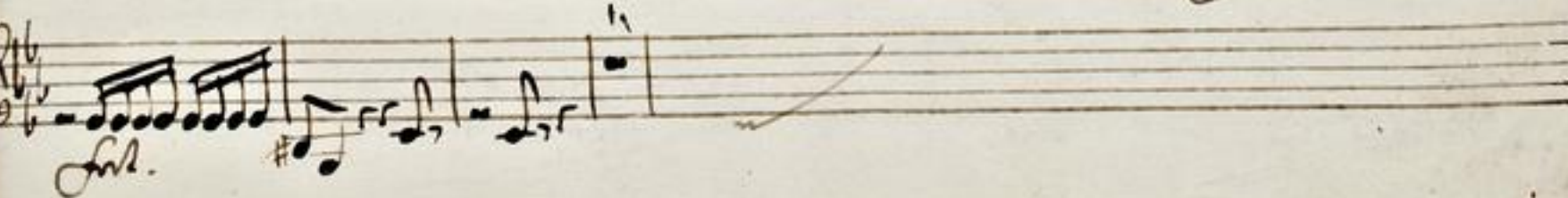
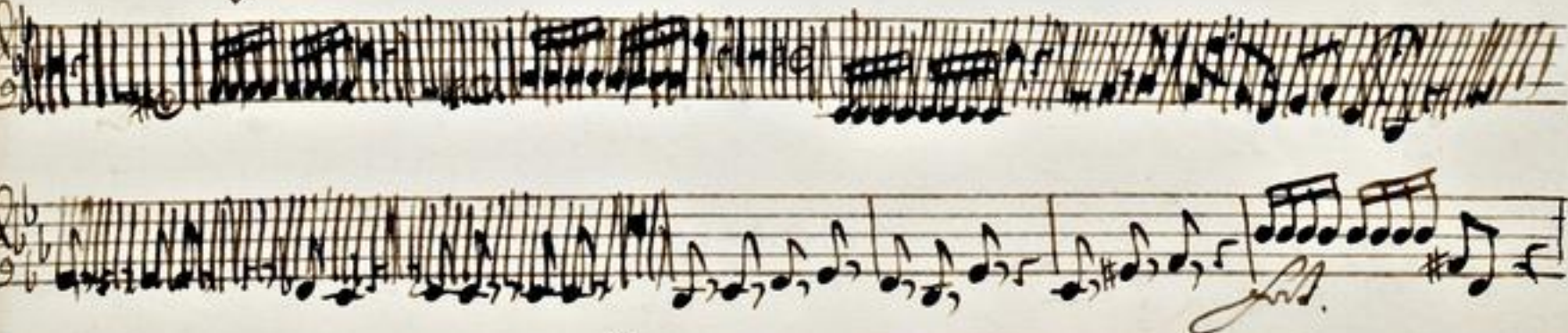
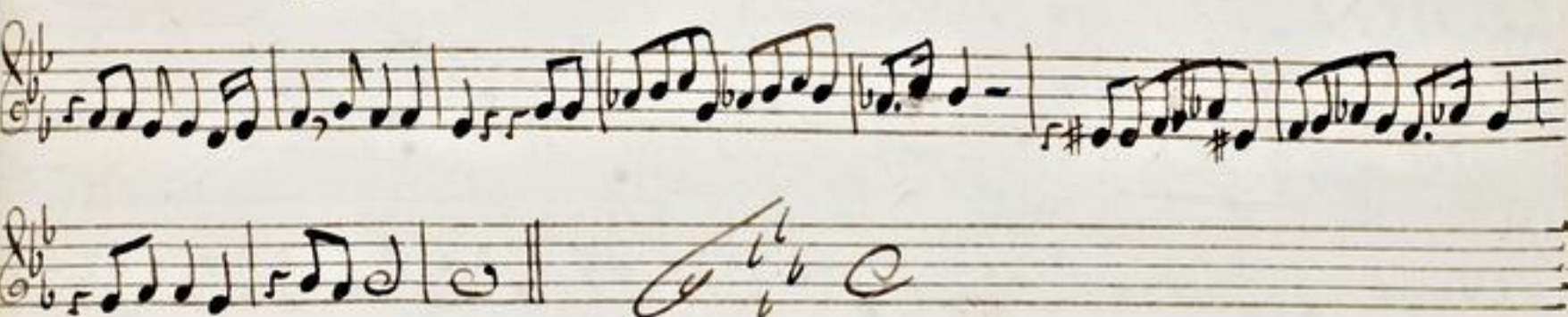
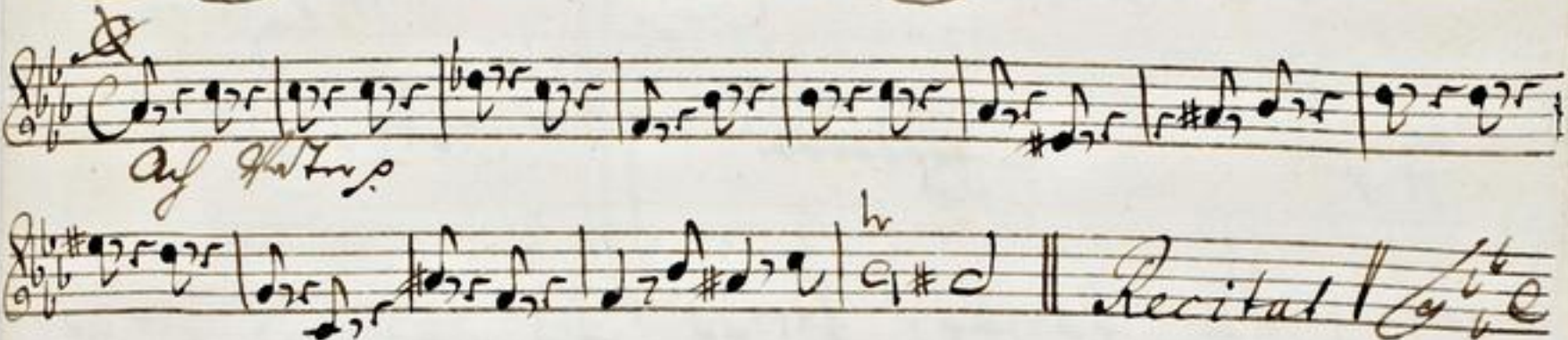
Handwritten musical score on page 15, featuring five staves of music. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *f.*, *pp.*, and *pp.*. The piece concludes with the word *Capo* and a double bar line. Below the fifth staff, the text *Choral* and *Capo* is written, followed by a double bar line and a final flourish.



grave.

Violino. 2.

46





Handwritten musical score on ten staves, featuring various musical notations, dynamics, and performance instructions.

**Staff 1:** Musical notation with dynamics *mp.* and *pp.*

**Staff 2:** Musical notation with dynamics *mp.* and *pp.*

**Staff 3:** Musical notation with dynamics *mp.* and *pp.*

**Staff 4:** Musical notation with dynamics *mp.* and *pp.*

**Staff 5:** Musical notation with dynamics *mp.* and *pp.*

**Staff 6:** Musical notation with dynamics *mp.* and *pp.*. Includes the instruction *Arioso auf Walter Capell*.

**Staff 7:** Musical notation with dynamics *mp.* and *pp.*. Includes the instruction *Accomp.*

**Staff 8:** Musical notation with dynamics *mp.* and *pp.*. Includes the instruction *Choral! Affettuoso*.

**Staff 9:** Musical notation with dynamics *mp.* and *pp.*. Includes the instruction *Andante*.

**Staff 10:** Musical notation with dynamics *mp.* and *pp.*. Includes the instruction *Andante*.

**Staff 11:** Musical notation with dynamics *mp.* and *pp.*. Includes the instruction *Andante*.

**Staff 12:** Musical notation with dynamics *mp.* and *pp.*. Includes the instruction *Andante*.

**Staff 13:** Musical notation with dynamics *mp.* and *pp.*. Includes the instruction *Andante*.

**Staff 14:** Musical notation with dynamics *mp.* and *pp.*. Includes the instruction *Andante*.

**Staff 15:** Musical notation with dynamics *mp.* and *pp.*. Includes the instruction *Andante*.



Handwritten musical score on five staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The second staff continues the melody. The third staff ends with the word "Capo" written in a decorative script. The fourth staff is marked "Accomp:" and features a different rhythmic pattern. The fifth staff concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Choral Capo

Below the "Choral Capo" text, there are several empty musical staves, indicating a section for choral accompaniment or a continuation of the piece.



grave.

# Viola

18

*Legitimo*

*auf Wasser*

*Recitat*

*1.*

*2.*

*grave.*

*3.*

*4.*

*5.*

*6.*

*7.*

*8.*

*9.*

*10.*

*11.*

*12.*

*13.*

*14.*

*15.*

*16.*

*17.*

*18.*

*19.*

*20.*

*21.*

*22.*

*23.*

*24.*

*25.*

*26.*

*27.*

*28.*

*29.*

*30.*

*31.*

*32.*

*33.*

*34.*

*35.*

*36.*

*37.*

*38.*

*39.*

*40.*

*41.*

*42.*

*43.*

*44.*

*45.*

*46.*

*47.*

*48.*

*49.*

*50.*

*51.*

*52.*

*53.*

*54.*

*55.*

*56.*

*57.*

*58.*

*59.*

*60.*

*61.*

*62.*

*63.*

*64.*

*65.*

*66.*

*67.*

*68.*

*69.*

*70.*

*71.*

*72.*

*73.*

*74.*

*75.*

*76.*

*77.*

*78.*

*79.*

*80.*

*81.*

*82.*

*83.*

*84.*

*85.*

*86.*

*87.*

*88.*

*89.*

*90.*

*91.*

*92.*

*93.*

*94.*

*95.*

*96.*

*97.*

*98.*

*99.*

*100.*

*101.*

*102.*

*103.*

*104.*

*105.*

*106.*

*107.*

*108.*

*109.*

*110.*

*111.*

*112.*

*113.*

*114.*

*115.*

*116.*

*117.*

*118.*

*119.*

*120.*

*121.*

*122.*

*123.*

*124.*

*125.*

*126.*

*127.*

*128.*

*129.*

*130.*

*131.*

*132.*

*133.*

*134.*

*135.*

*136.*

*137.*

*138.*

*139.*

*140.*

*141.*

*142.*

*143.*

*144.*

*145.*

*146.*

*147.*

*148.*

*149.*

*150.*

*151.*

*152.*

*153.*

*154.*

*155.*

*156.*

*157.*

*158.*

*159.*

*160.*

*161.*

*162.*

*163.*

*164.*

*165.*

*166.*

*167.*

*168.*

*169.*

*170.*

*171.*

*172.*

*173.*

*174.*

*175.*

*176.*

*177.*

*178.*

*179.*

*180.*

*181.*

*182.*

*183.*

*184.*

*185.*

*186.*

*187.*

*188.*

*189.*

*190.*

*191.*

*192.*

*193.*

*194.*

*195.*

*196.*

*197.*

*198.*

*199.*

*200.*

*201.*

*202.*

*203.*

*204.*

*205.*

*206.*

*207.*

*208.*

*209.*

*210.*

*211.*

*212.*

*213.*

*214.*

*215.*

*216.*

*217.*

*218.*

*219.*

*220.*

*221.*

*222.*

*223.*

*224.*

*225.*

*226.*

*227.*

*228.*

*229.*

*230.*

*231.*

*232.*

*233.*

*234.*

*235.*

*236.*

*237.*

*238.*

*239.*

*240.*

*241.*

*242.*

*243.*

*244.*

*245.*

*246.*

*247.*

*248.*

*249.*

*250.*

*251.*

*252.*

*253.*

*254.*

*255.*

*256.*

*257.*

*258.*

*259.*

*260.*

*261.*

*262.*

*263.*

*264.*

*265.*

*266.*

*267.*

*268.*

*269.*

*270.*

*271.*

*272.*

*273.*

*274.*

*275.*

*276.*

*277.*

*278.*

*279.*

*280.*

*281.*

*282.*

*283.*

*284.*

*285.*

*286.*

*287.*

*288.*

*289.*

*290.*

*291.*

*292.*

*293.*

*294.*

*295.*

*296.*

*297.*

*298.*

*299.*

*300.*

*301.*

*302.*

*303.*

*304.*

*305.*

*306.*

*307.*

*308.*

*309.*

*310.*

*311.*

*312.*

*313.*

*314.*

*315.*

*316.*

*317.*

*318.*

*319.*

*320.*

*321.*

*322.*

*323.*

*324.*

*325.*

*326.*

*327.*

*328.*

*329.*

*330.*

*331.*

*332.*

*333.*

*334.*

*335.*

*336.*

*337.*

*338.*

*339.*

*340.*

*341.*

*342.*

*343.*

*344.*

*345.*

*346.*

*347.*

*348.*

*349.*

*350.*

*351.*

*352.*

*353.*

*354.*

*355.*

*356.*

*357.*

*358.*

*359.*

*360.*

*361.*

*362.*

*363.*

*364.*

*365.*

*366.*

*367.*

*368.*

*369.*

*370.*

*371.*

*372.*

*373.*

*374.*

*375.*

*376.*

*377.*

*378.*

*379.*

*380.*

*381.*

*382.*

*383.*

*384.*

*385.*

*386.*

*387.*

*388.*

*389.*

*390.*

*391.*

*392.*

*393.*

*394.*

*395.*

*396.*

*397.*

*398.*

*399.*

*400.*

*401.*

*402.*

*403.*

*404.*

*405.*

*406.*

*407.*

*408.*

*409.*

*410.*

*411.*

*412.*

*413.*

*414.*

*415.*

*416.*

*417.*

*418.*

*419.*

*420.*

*421.*

*422.*

*423.*

*424.*

*425.*

*426.*

*427.*

*428.*

*429.*

*430.*

*431.*

*432.*

*433.*

*434.*

*435.*

*436.*

*437.*

*438.*

*439.*

*440.*

*441.*

*442.*

*443.*

*444.*

*445.*

*446.*

*447.*

*448.*

*449.*

*450.*

*451.*

*452.*

*453.*

*454.*

*455.*

*456.*

*457.*

*458.*

*459.*

*460.*

*461.*

*462.*

*463.*

*464.*

*465.*

*466.*

*467.*

*468.*

*469.*

*470.*

*471.*

*472.*

*473.*

*474.*

*475.*

*476.*

*477.*

*478.*

*479.*

*480.*

*481.*

*482.*

*483.*

*484.*

*485.*

*486.*

*487.*

*488.*

*489.*

*490.*

*491.*

*492.*

*493.*

*494.*

*495.*

*496.*

*497.*

*498.*

*499.*

*500.*

*501.*

*502.*

*503.*

*504.*

*505.*

*506.*

*507.*

*508.*

*509.*

*510.*

*511.*

*512.*

*513.*

*514.*

*515.*

*516.*

*517.*

*518.*

*519.*

*520.*

*521.*

*522.*

*523.*

*524.*

*525.*

*526.*

*527.*

*528.*

*529.*

*530.*

*531.*

*532.*

*533.*

*534.*

*535.*

*536.*

*537.*

*538.*

*539.*

*540.*

*541.*

*542.*

*543.*

*544.*

*545.*

*546.*

*547.*

*548.*

*549.*

*550.*

*551.*

*552.*

*553.*

*554.*

*555.*

*556.*

*557.*

*558.*

*559.*

*560.*

*561.*

*562.*

*563.*

*564.*

*565.*

*566.*

*567.*

*568.*

*569.*

*570.*

*571.*

*572.*

*573.*

*574.*

*575.*

*576.*

*577.*

*578.*

*579.*

*580.*

*581.*

*582.*

*583.*

*584.*

*585.*

*586.*

*587.*

*588.*

*589.*

*590.*

*591.*

*592.*

*593.*

*594.*

*595.*

*596.*

*597.*

*598.*

*599.*

*600.*

*601.*

*602.*

*603.*

*604.*

*605.*

*606.*

*607.*

*608.*

*609.*

*610.*

*611.*

*612.*

*613.*

*614.*

*615.*

*616.*

*617.*

*618.*

*619.*

*620.*

*621.*

*622.*

*623.*

*624.*

*625.*

*626.*

*627.*

*628.*

*629.*

*630.*

*631.*

*632.*

*633.*

*634.*

*635.*

*636.*

*637.*

*638.*

*639.*

*640.*

*641.*

*642.*

*643.*

*644.*

*645.*

*646.*

*647.*

*648.*

*649.*

*650.*

*651.*

*652.*

*653.*

*654.*

*655.*

*656.*

*657.*

*658.*

*659.*

*660.*

*661.*

*662.*

*663.*

*664.*

*665.*

*666.*

*667.*

*668.*

*669.*

*670.*

*671.*

*672.*

*673.*

*674.*

*675.*

*676.*

*677.*

*678.*

*679.*

*680.*

*681.*

*682.*

*683.*

*684.*

*685.*

*686.*

*687.*

*688.*

*689.*

*690.*

*691.*

*692.*

*693.*

*694.*

*695.*

*696.*

*697.*

*698.*

*699.*

*700.*

*701.*

*702.*

*703.*

*704.*

*705.*

*706.*

*707.*

*708.*

*709.*

*710.*

*711.*

*712.*

*713.*

*714.*

*715.*

*716.*

*717.*

*718.*

*719.*

*720.*

*721.*

*722.*

*723.*

*724.*

*725.*

*726.*

*727.*

*728.*

*729.*

*730.*

*731.*

*732.*

*733.*

*734.*

*735.*

*736.*

*737.*

*738.*

*739.*

*740.*

*741.*

*742.*

*743.*

*744.*

*745.*

*746.*

*747.*

*748.*

*749.*

*750.*

*751.*

*752.*

*753.*

*754.*

*755.*

*756.*

*757.*

*758.*

*759.*

*760.*

*761.*

*762.*

*763.*

*764.*

*765.*

*766.*

*767.*

*768.*

*769.*

*770.*

*771.*

*772.*

*773.*

*774.*

*775.*

*776.*

*777.*

*778.*

*779.*

*780.*

*781.*

*782.*

*783.*

*784.*

*785.*

*786.*

*787.*

*788.*

*789.*

*790.*

*791.*

*792.*

*793.*

*794.*

*795.*

*796.*

*797.*

*798.*

*799.*

*800.*

*801.*

*802.*

*803.*

*804.*

*805.*

*806.*

*807.*

*808.*

*809.*

*810.*

*811.*

*812.*

*813.*

*814.*

*815.*

*816.*

*817.*

*818.*

*819.*

*820.*

*821.*

*822.*

*823.*

*824.*

*825.*

*826.*

*827.*

*828.*

*829.*

*830.*

*831.*

*832.*

*833.*

*834.*

*835.*

*836.*

*837.*

*838.*

*839.*

*840.*

*841.*

*842.*

*843.*

*844.*

*845.*

*846.*

*847.*

*848.*

*849.*

*850.*

*851.*

*852.*

*853.*

*854.*

*855.*

*856.*

*857.*

*858.*

*859.*

*860.*

*861.*

*862.*

*863.*

*864.*

*865.*

*866.*

*867.*

*868.*

*869.*

*870.*

*871.*

*872.*

*873.*

*874.*

*875.*

*876.*

*877.*

*878.*

*879.*

*880.*

*881.*

*882.*

*883.*

*884.*

*885.*

*886.*

*887.*

*888.*

*889.*

*890.*

*891.*

*892.*

*893.*

*894.*

*895.*

*896.*

*897.*

*898.*

*899.*

*900.*

*901.*

*902.*

*903.*

*904.*

*905.*

*906.*

*907.*

*908.*

*909.*

*910.*

*911.*

*912.*

*913.*

*914.*

*915.*

*916.*

*917.*

*918.*

*919.*

*920.*

*921.*

*922.*

*923.*

*924.*

*925.*

*926.*

*927.*

*928.*

*929.*

*930.*

*931.*

*932.*

*933.*

*934.*

*935.*

*936.*

*937.*

*938.*

*939.*

*940.*

*941.*

*942.*

*943.*

*944.*

*945.*

*946.*

*947.*

*948.*

*949.*

*950.*

*951.*

*952.*

*953.*

*954.*

*955.*

*956.*

*957.*

*958.*

*959.*

*960.*

*961.*

*962.*

*963.*

*964.*

*965.*

*966.*

*967.*

*968.*

*969.*

*970.*

*971.*

*972.*

*973.*

*974.*

*975.*

*976.*

*977.*

*978.*

*979.*

*980.*

*981.*

*982.*

*983.*

*984.*

*985.*

*986.*

*987.*

*988.*

*989.*

*990.*

*991.*

*992.*

*993.*

*994.*

*995.*

*996.*

*997.*

*998.*

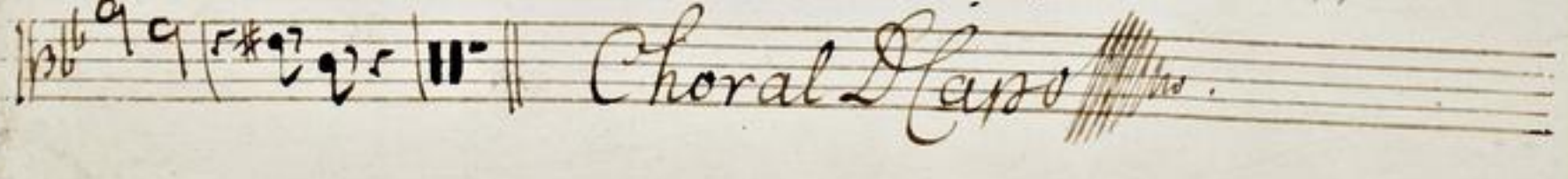
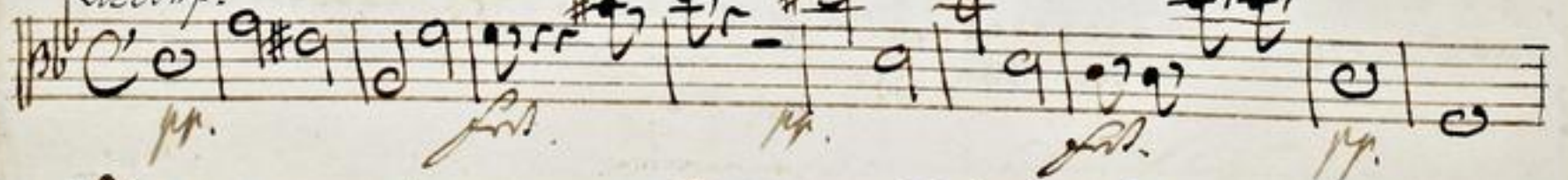
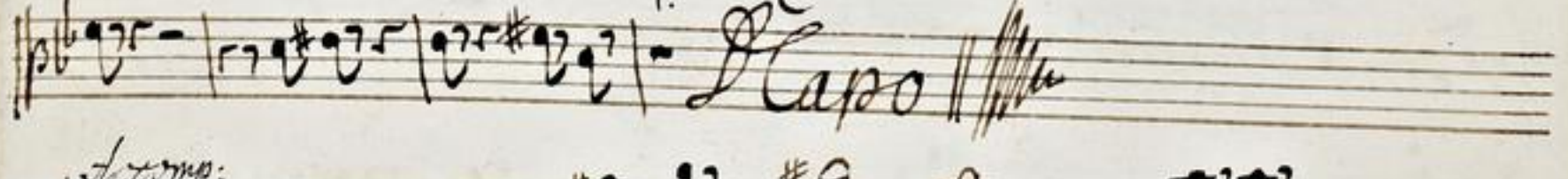
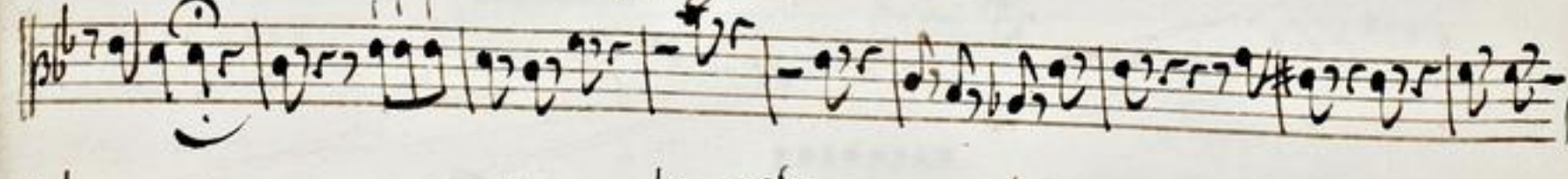
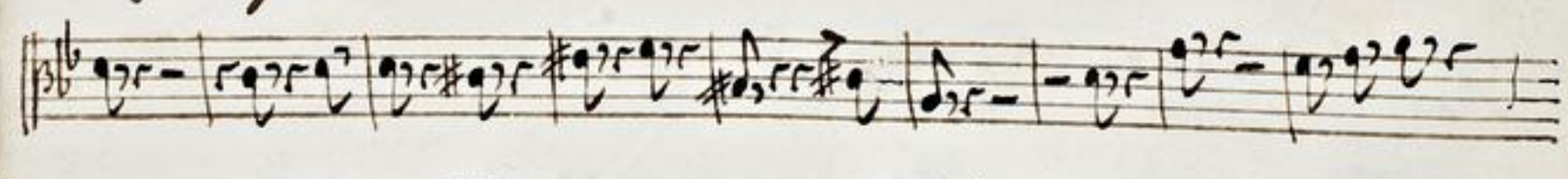
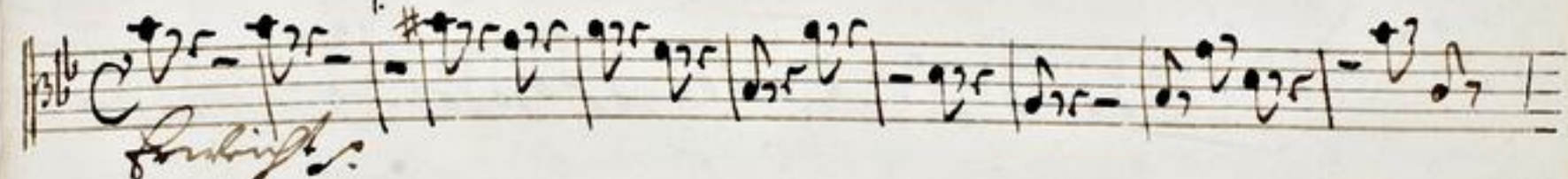
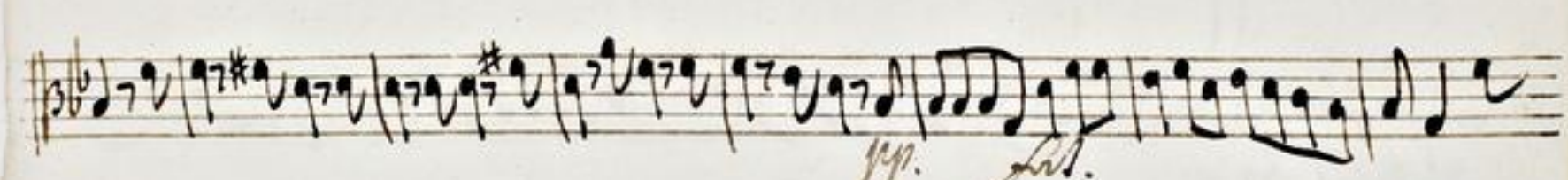
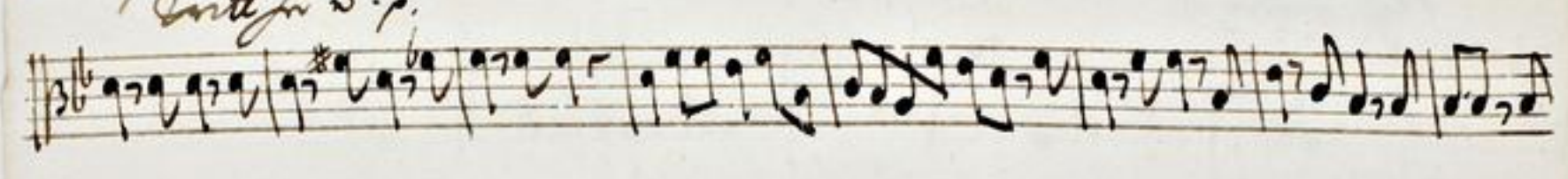
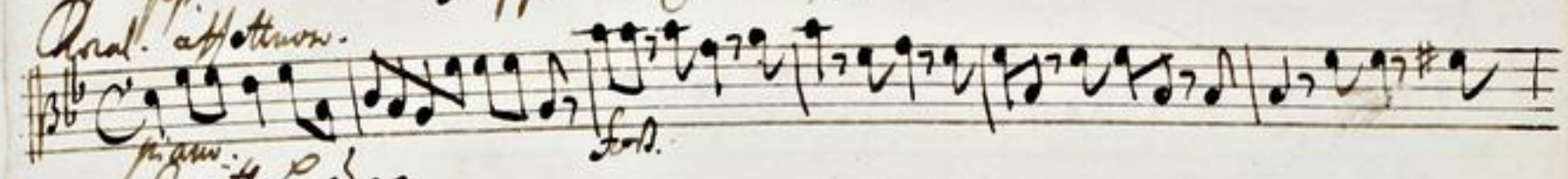
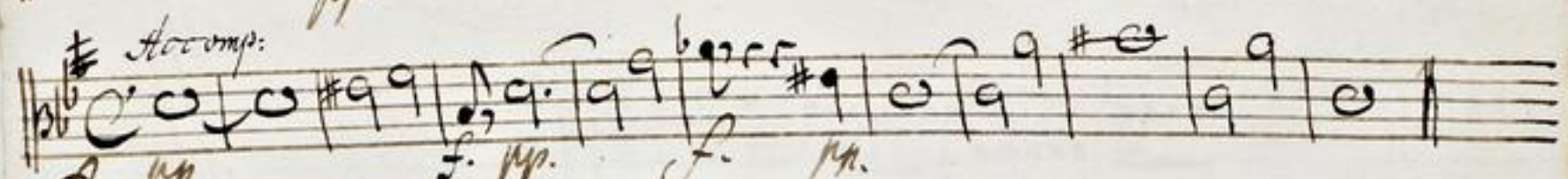
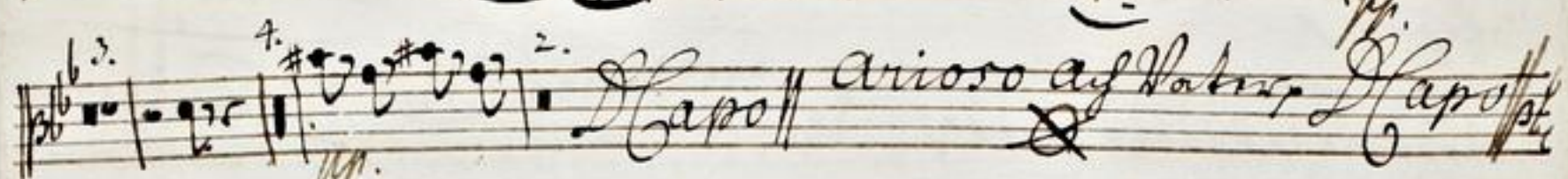
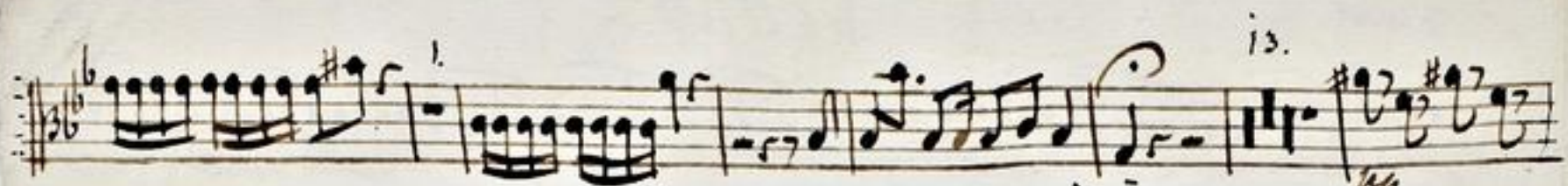
*999.*

*1000.*

volt:









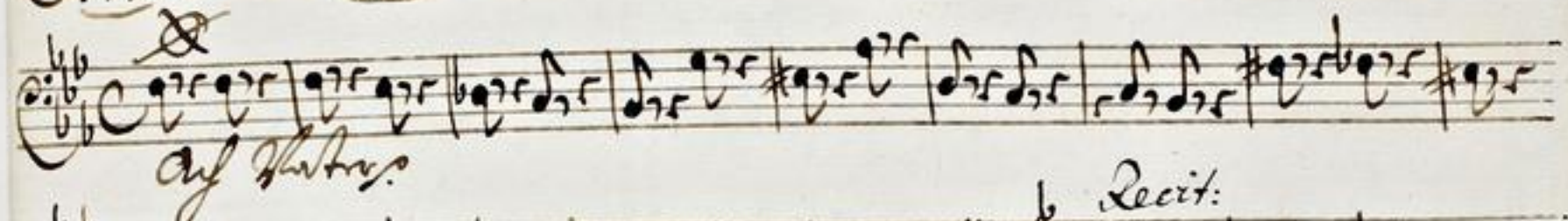
# Violone.

109

grave.

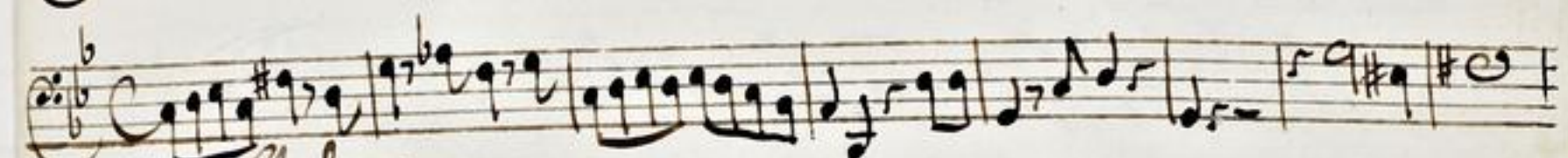
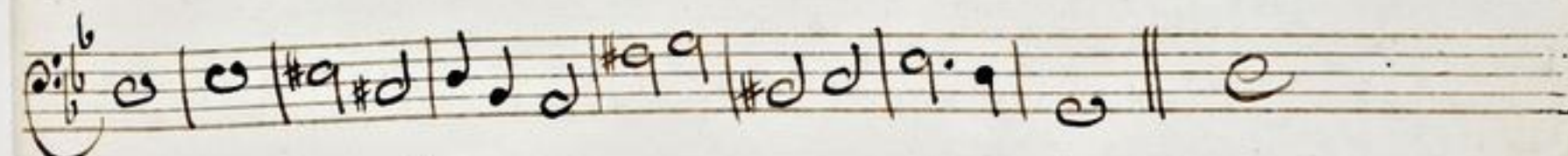
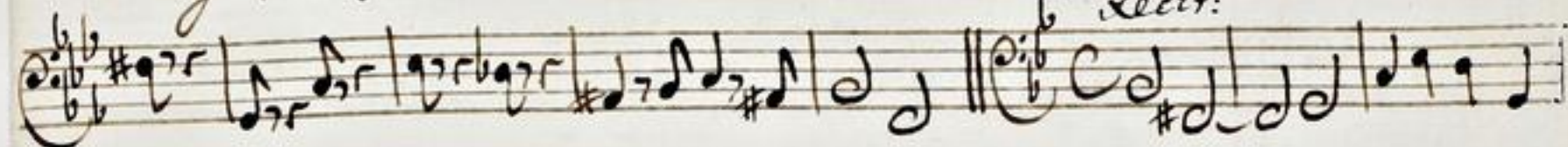


*for fitting*

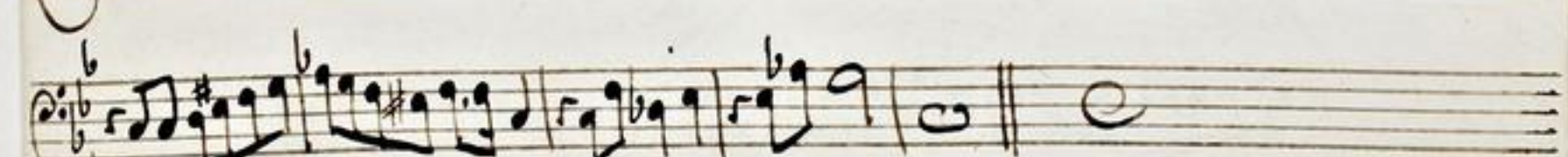
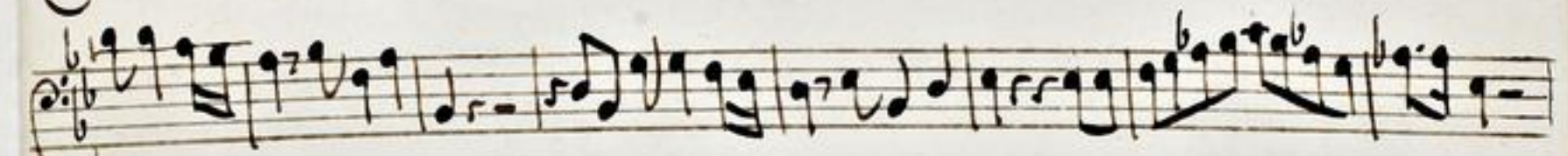
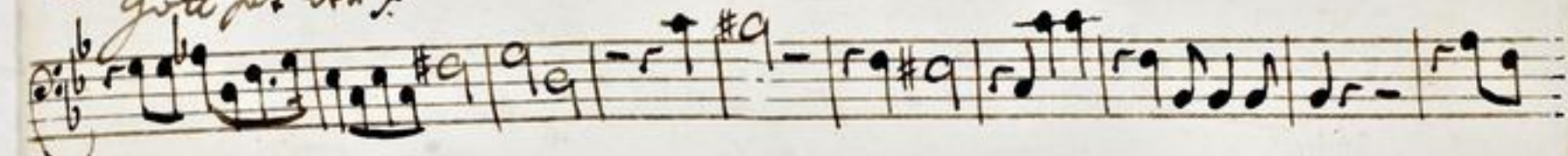


*auf der Hand*

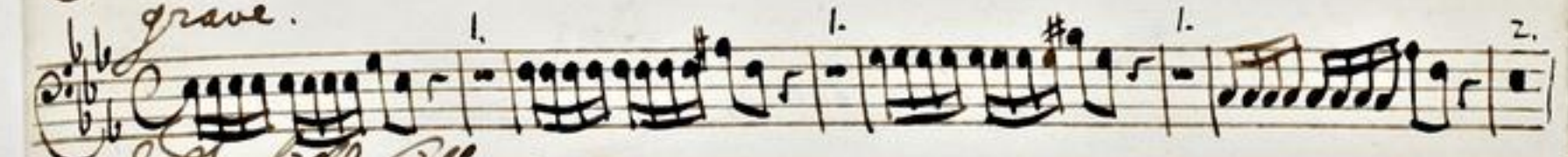
*Recit:*



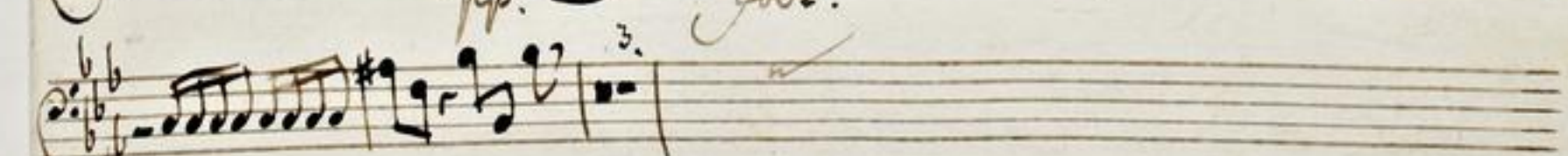
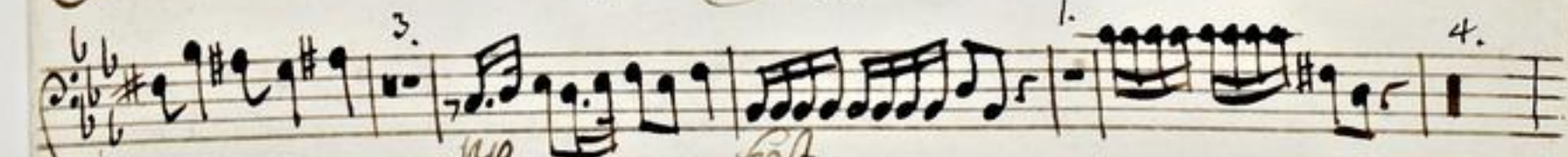
*gute Art*



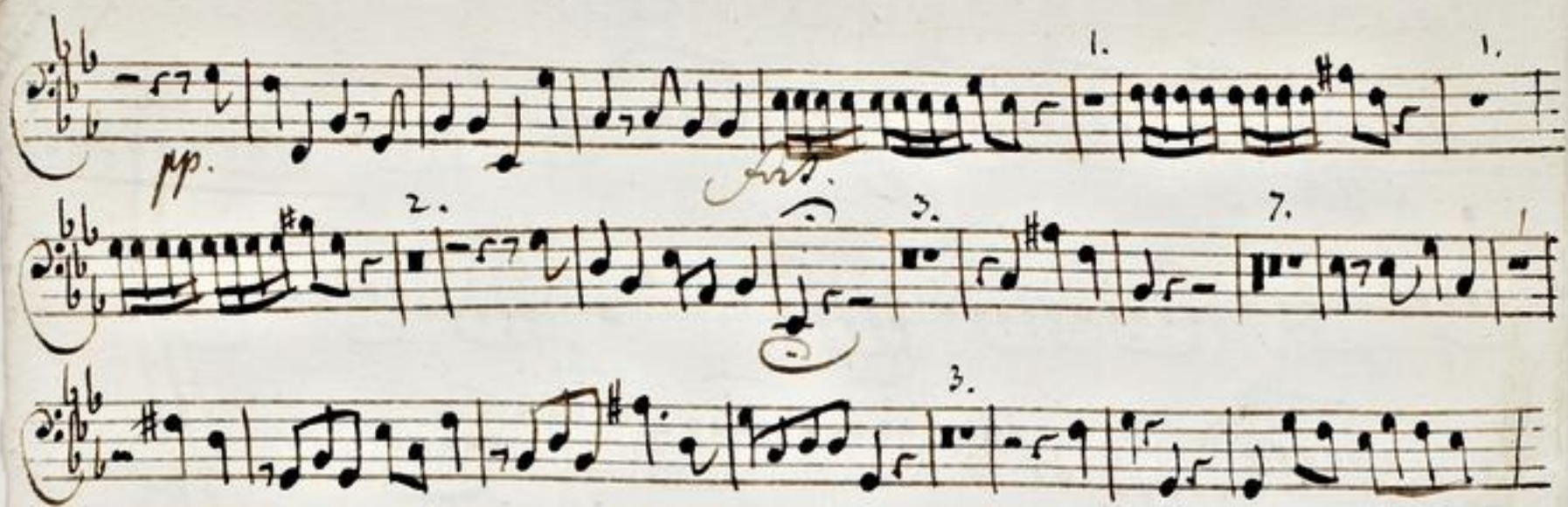
grave.



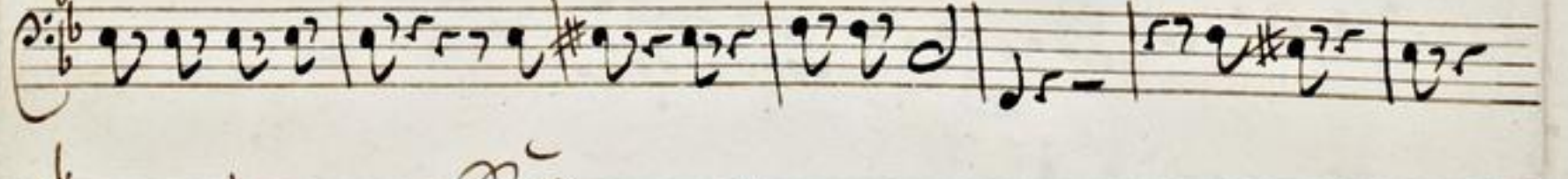
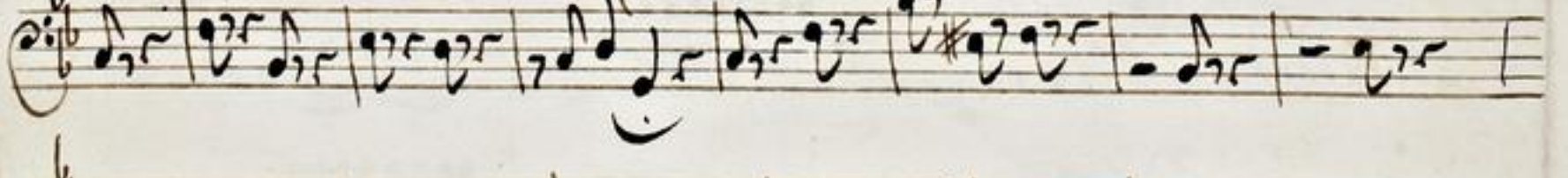
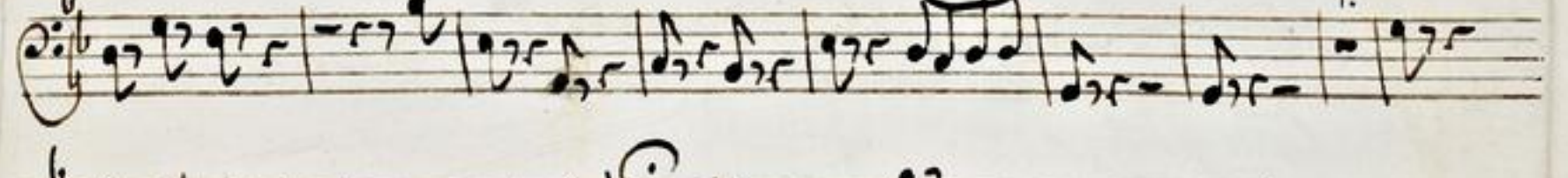
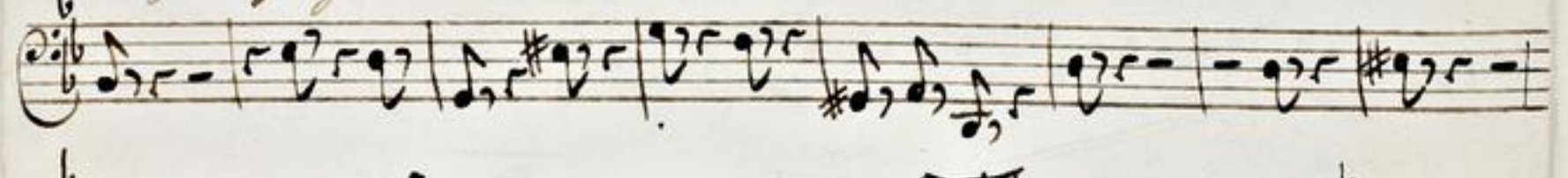
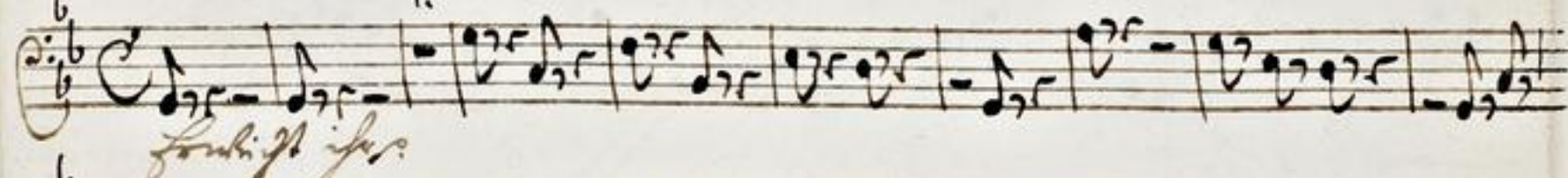
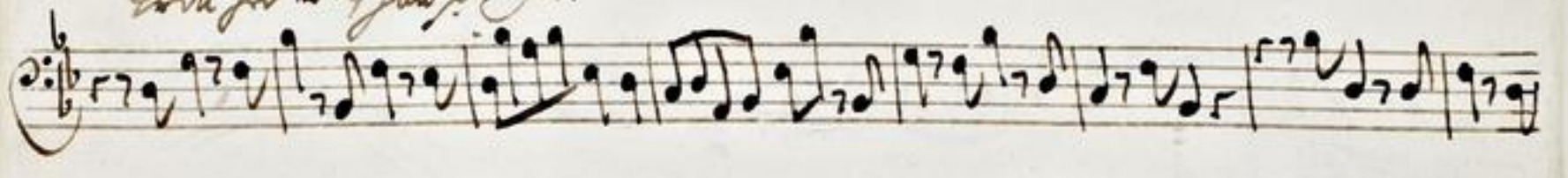
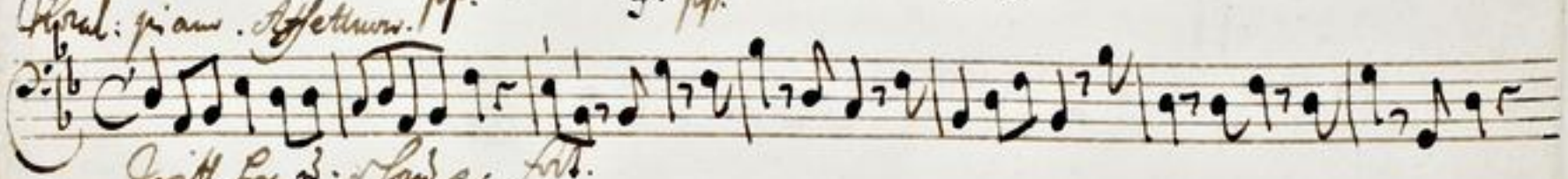
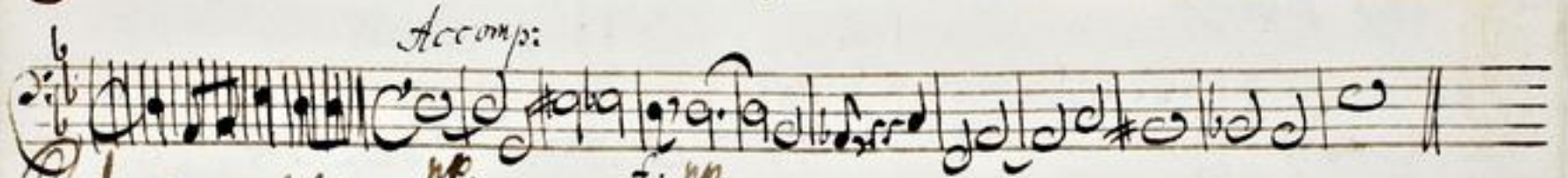
*for the light gully*







Capo || arioso aff. Water Capo || C



Capo || C



1. *Accomp.* 20

*f.* *mp.* *f.* *p.*

Choral Haps



grave.

# Violone

21

*Erzähler*

*Erzähler*

*Recit.*

*Gott hat den*

*Gott hat den*

*Gott hat den*

*Aria grave.*

*Jesus küßte die Hölle an.*

*Jesus küßte die Hölle an.*

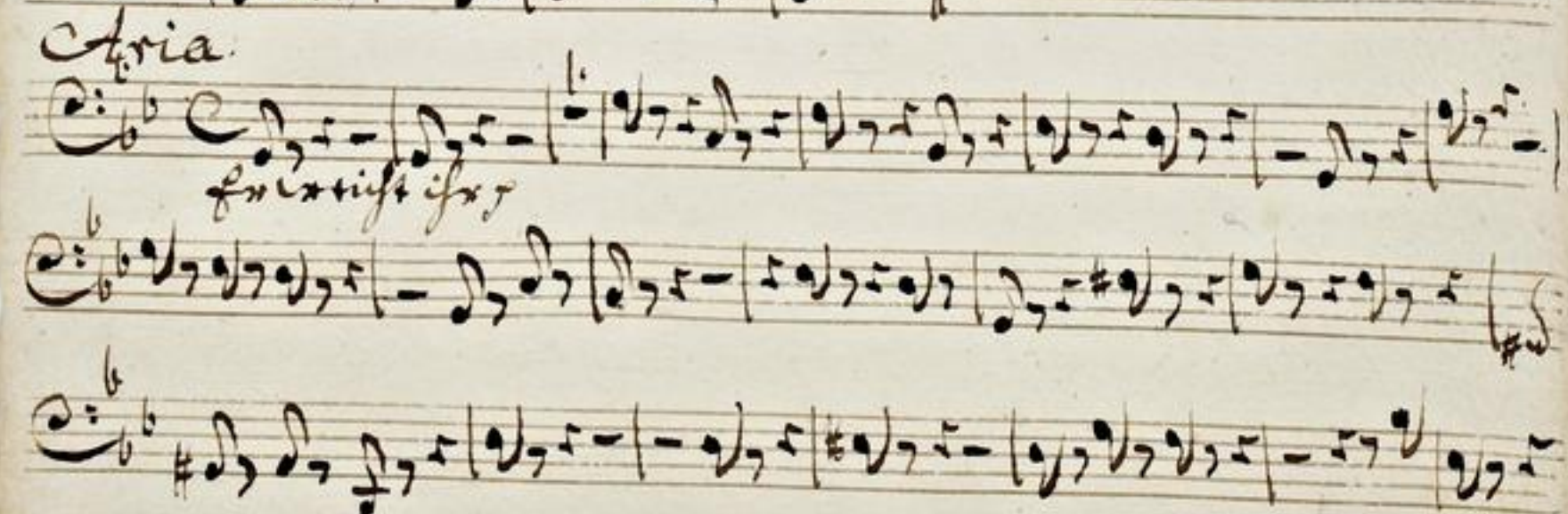
*Jesus küßte die Hölle an.*

*Jesus küßte die Hölle an.*

*Jesus küßte die Hölle an.*

Volti







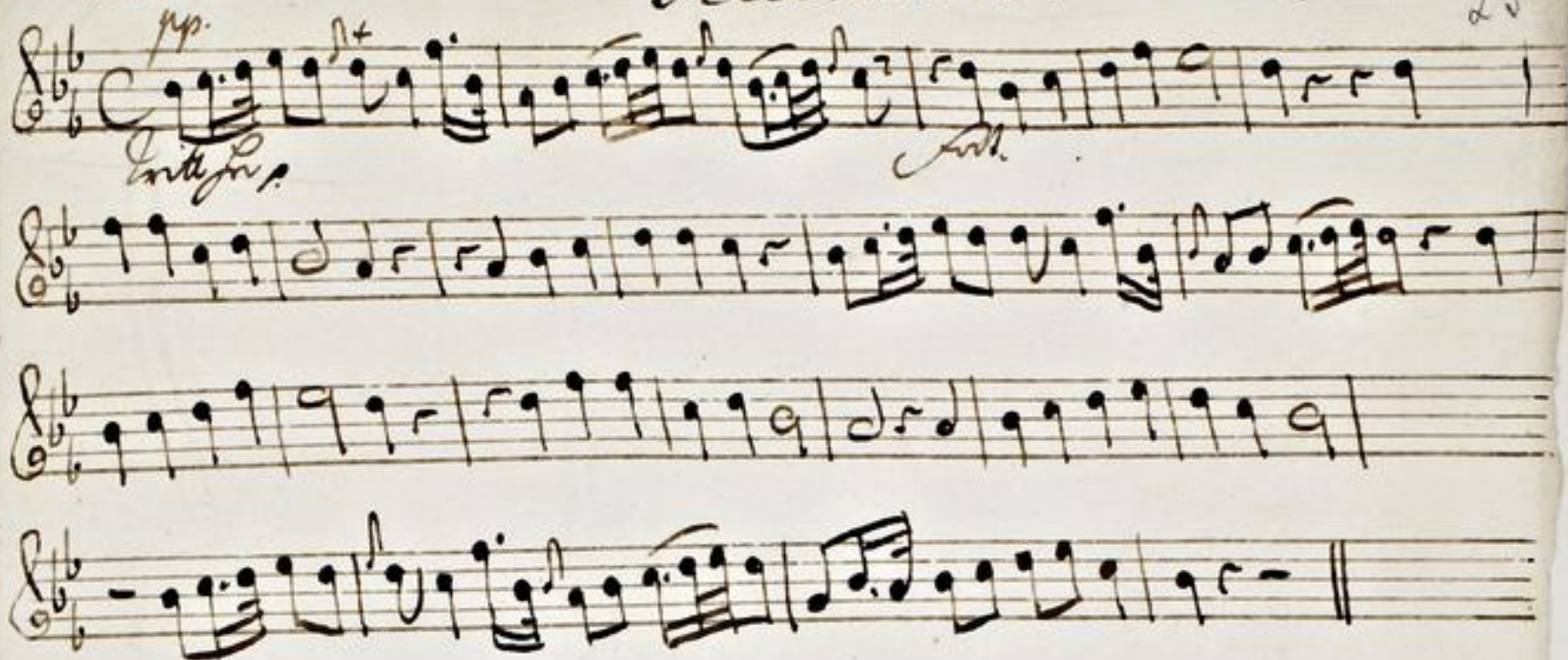
Handwritten musical score on aged paper. The notation is in a historical style, featuring various note values, rests, and clefs. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is written in a single system across the first four staves. The fifth staff contains the word "Capo" in a decorative script, followed by a double bar line. The sixth staff begins with the word "Accomp." and continues with musical notation. The seventh staff contains the word "Choral" and "Da Capo" in a decorative script, followed by a double bar line. The remaining staves are empty.



Choral.

Hautbois. unison.

23





Fagotto

24

*Forstbrunnst. fag.*

Capo //



## Canto.

25

## Recitativo

Wie bitter muß der Feind nicht seyn für den der Acker  
 gold'ger Zucht auf Jesu Gottes Rosen nach pfündet der dem der Vater im Sa  
 eine Kraft erfüllt nach ist auf aller Menschen Vinden Lofn  
 Gott hat den der von keiner Dint nicht der von keiner Dint von kei-ner  
 Dint nicht für uns — für Dint — gemacht auf daß wir-würden in  
 Ihm auf daß wir-würden in Ihm die Gerecht- — lichte die Gerecht- lichte  
 die vor Gott gilt. —  
 Jesu frucht hül - len flamm hül - len flamm Got - tes zorn  
 will Ihn verdamm — daß er unsrer sünden so -  
 — nun daß er unsrer so - nun kan Jesu frucht hül - len flamm  
 göllen flamm Got - tes zorn will Ihn verdamm — daß er  
 un - sünd so - — — — — nun daß er unsrer sünden kan  
 daß er unsrer so - nun kan. Wie der Einzige so so gesa -

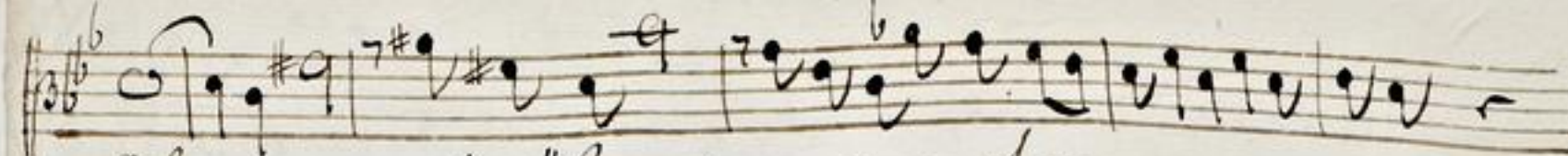
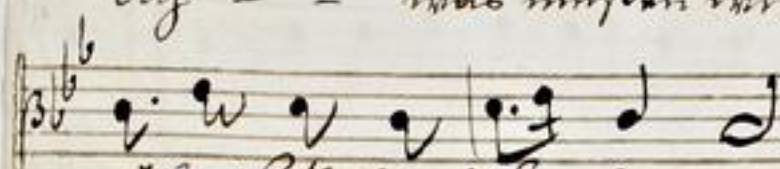
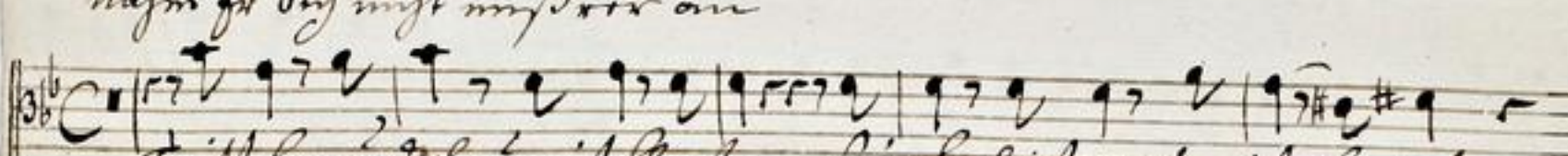
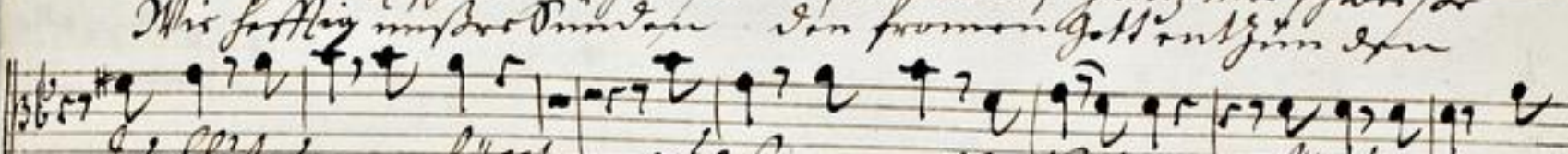
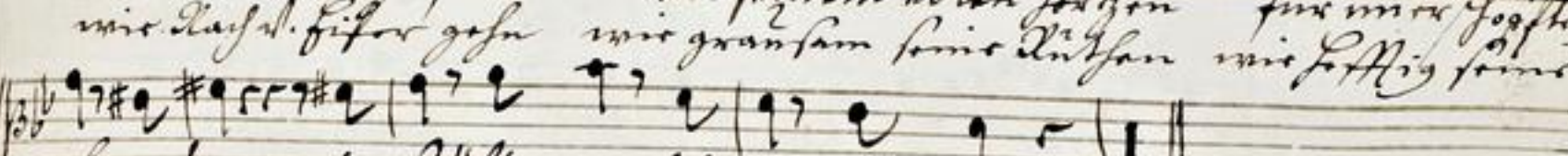










  
 Auf - - was müssen wir - - extra - - gen  
  
 nähen zu dir nicht mehr an  
  
 Er will für mich sein mit seiner sein Lieb ist ganz mit seiner  
 Wie festlich müßt du sein von frommen Gott und sein du  
  
 und blutet angefüllt und seinem alten Leiden für mich  
 wie das ist. Lifer gesu wie grausam seine Leiden wie das ist seine  
  
 Schmerzen ein süßes nach dem andern gütlich.  
 fließen will ich aus diesem Leiden sein.

Aria Recital Choral Capo *Allegro*

1741.



Alto.

27

Recitat // Arioso // Recitat //

Gott sehen das von keinem Sünde  
wünsche von keinem Sünde das von keinem Sünde von keinem Sünde  
wünsche das mit der  
Sünde : : das Sünde für Sünde gemacht auf daß wir werden in ihm in  
ihm : : auf daß wir werden in ihm in ihm : : die Gerecht- - heit  
die Gerecht- - heit die vor Gott gilt : : *Aria*  
tacet.

Arioso // Recitat. //

1. Er will das mich sanft mit fleißigen  
2. Wie festlich mich die Sünden  
sein Leib ist ganz mit fleißigen  
dan framen Gott ankommen  
1. Das Blut abwascht, auf seinen Lippen haben, die mich so  
2. Wie das mich nicht so, wie grausam sein die Sünden, wie festlich sein  
1. Im Leben, ein Dämonen nach dem andern willt.  
2. Fleißig, will ich auch diesem Leben sein.  
*Aria*  
Recitat. // Choral Haps //

1748







# Tenore

29

1.  
 Er zittert toll und freyt Welt sein Bürger das für seine Sünden steht  
 fangen zu zittern und zu zagen da Gott mit ihm die Erlösung fält. Marc.  
 um der elster gest mit ihm in strengste Zorn gericht zu muß ja wohl was  
 pfundlich ab zu tragen da für voll Aug und betend, spricht  
 Gott sat den der von keiner Dmte wüßt von keiner Dmte  
 der von keiner Dmte der von keiner der von keiner Dmte von keiner  
 Dmte wüßt für uns — — — für Dmte — — — gemacht auf daß  
 wir werden in ihm in ihm — — — auf daß wir werden in ihm in ihm in  
 ihm die Geruch — — — leicht die Geruch — — — leicht die vor Gott gilt  
 Li vor Gott gilt.

*Aria* *arioso* *recitato*

Er will für uns sein mit fleißt sein Leib ist ganz mit Schwerde  
 Wie bestig in der Dmten den großen Gott an zu sein den  
 das blutige angefüllt auf seinem alten Felsen für uns gesegnet  
 wie das mit Feuer gesen wie grausam seine Dmten wie jernig seine  
 Felsen im felsen narsen andern quill  
 fließen will es auf diesem Felsen sein.

*Aria* *recitato*

Choral Hapo



# Basso.

30

Recitat

Auf Wasser auf Wasser in der Jofe dem ringabofener Dofe

lingt für ist möglich — auf auf so geht das dieser Jofe

Relief von mir

Gott hat den der von

keiner Dünde runde

für mich — zu Dünde zu

Dünde gemacht auf das wir werden in Jofe in Jofe — auf das

wir werden in Jofe in Jofe — die Jofe — — leicht die Jofe —

— leicht die vor Gott gilt —

Aria Arioso Recitat  
repetah

Erst für mich, dann mit flüster dem Leib ist ganz mit Dünde  
Wie stillig im Dünde den frommen Gott entzünden

das blinde angestrichelt aus seinem alten Jochen für mich  
wie das d. si für gesen wie grausam seine Dünde wie stillig

schöpfen Dünde ein Dünde nach dem anderen quillt.  
sine flüster will ist aus diesem Dünde Jofe.

Leinigt ist farte Dünde Jochen ist farte Dünde Jochen seht

seht Jesu's schweigt blind blind Jesu's schweigt blind für mich für mich

weist ist farte Dünde Jochen seht seht Jesu's schweigt blind blind Jesu's




  
 schwach bleibt für uns die Noth ist groß. wolt ich nicht meriten wolt  
 ich nicht meriten ein Engel ein Engel müß den Söß für stür -  
 - den dein Angst - Langst du dem Noth - den glüh dein Angst Langst  
 ist dem Noth - - den glüh

Choral Hapo //



# Basso.

31

*Recitat. Arioso. Recit. Recit.*

Gott hat den das von  
 seinen Tünden rühmt — — — — — für uns — — — — — zu den Tünden zu den Tünden  
 maßt auf das wir werden in ihm in ihm — — — — — auf das wir werden in  
 ihm in ihm — — — — — in der — — — — —igkeit der garten — — — — —igkeit

*Aria. Arioso. Recitat.*

Da wir Gott gilt — — — — —

*Da Capo.*

1. Will ich mich mit fleiß  
 2. Wie fleißig mich die Tünden  
 1. Das Blut anfüllt, auf seinen Tünden hat den für uns  
 2. Wie das mich fleißig gese, wie gränzen sein Tünden wie fleißig sein

*Aria*

1. Tünden an mich fleißig nach dem andern willt.  
 2. Fleißig will ich auf die Tünden nach dem fleißig.

*Arioso. Recitat. Choral Basso*