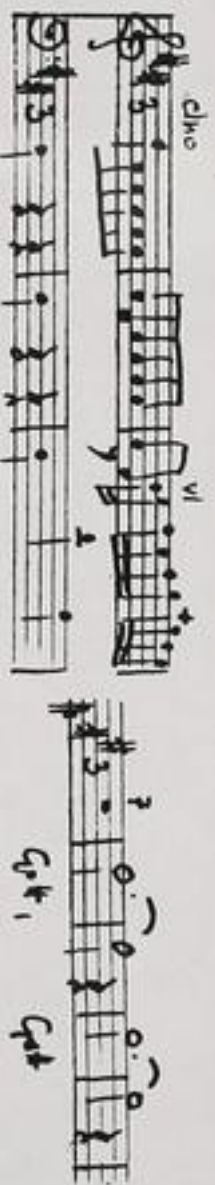


Graupner, Christoph (1683-1760)

BRD DS Mus.ms 438/1

Gott man lobet dich in der/Stille zu Zion/a/2 Clarin/Tym-
pano/Flaut.Tr.e oboe d'Amore/2 Violin/Viola/Canto/Alto/
Tenore/Basso/e/Continuo./In die N.Anni/1730.



Autograph Dezmeber 1729. 35 x 21,5 cm.

partitur: 7 Bl. Alte Zählung: 4 Bogen.

20 St.: C,A,T(2x),B(2x),vl 1(2x),2,vla,vlne(2x),bc,
clno 1,2,timp,fl d'amour,ob d'amour,fl,ob.
1,1,1,1,2,1,2,2,2,1,1,1,2,1,1,1,1,1,1 Bl.

Alte Sign.:163/1. Text: Johann Conrad Lichtenberg, 1730.

De. N. Amm.

M. Januar 1730

B. v. d. A. 11. 2.

Mus 438/1

Gott man lobet dich in das Nilla zu Zion 58

163.

Foll(32) 11.

Partitur
22^{tes} Aufzug. 1730.

Die V. Ann.

M. Januar 1730.

G. R. G. M. D. #1730.

Handwritten musical score for the first system, featuring multiple staves with musical notation and lyrics. The notation includes various note values, rests, and bar lines. The lyrics are written in a cursive script below the staves.

Handwritten musical score for the second system, featuring multiple staves with musical notation and lyrics. The notation includes various note values, rests, and bar lines. The lyrics are written in a cursive script below the staves.

pp.

pp.

And

Philh du Gies du Gies
 Philh du Gies du Gies
 Philh du Gies du Gies
 Philh du Gies du Gies
 Philh du Gies du Gies

3. die Gies du Gies du Gies
 2. die Gies du Gies du Gies
 1. die Gies du Gies du Gies
 1. die Gies du Gies du Gies

pp.

pp.

And

Gies du Gies du Gies
 Gies du Gies du Gies
 Gies du Gies du Gies
 Gies du Gies du Gies
 Gies du Gies du Gies

3. die Gies du Gies du Gies
 2. die Gies du Gies du Gies
 1. die Gies du Gies du Gies
 1. die Gies du Gies du Gies

pp.

Handwritten musical score for "Gott der Herrscher der Welt" by Johann Sebastian Bach. The score is written on ten staves, featuring complex polyphonic textures with multiple voices and instruments. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and clefs. The lyrics are written in German, with some parts in a smaller, cursive script.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and beams. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is written in a historical style, with some staves containing dense, rapid passages. There are handwritten annotations in German, including "J. S. Bach" and "G. H. Bach", and some staves are marked with "trio".

Continuation of the handwritten musical score from the previous page, featuring ten staves. The notation continues with various musical symbols and includes handwritten annotations in German, such as "trio" and "G. H. Bach".

unison

3 2

This is a handwritten musical score on aged, slightly stained paper. It consists of ten systems of staves. Each system typically has three staves: a top staff with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#), a middle staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a bottom staff with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is written in a dense, flowing style with many beamed notes. The lyrics are written in German and are interspersed between the staves. The lyrics include: "unison", "3 2", "Herr Gott", "Herr Gott", "Herr Gott", "Herr Gott", "Herr Gott", "Herr Gott", "Herr Gott", "Herr Gott". The paper shows signs of age, including some staining and wear at the edges.

Handwritten musical score, first system. The notation is in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. The lyrics are: "no die Hölle beschündet die - ses Land".

Handwritten musical score, second system. The notation continues. The lyrics are: "die Hölle beschündet die - ses". A *fort.* (forte) dynamic marking is present above the staff.

Handwritten musical score, third system. The notation continues. The lyrics are: "die Hölle beschündet die - ses".

Handwritten musical score, fourth system. The notation continues. The lyrics are: "die Hölle beschündet die - ses".

Handwritten musical score, fifth system. The notation continues. The lyrics are: "die Hölle beschündet die - ses".

4

Handwritten musical score for the first system, featuring three staves with notes and lyrics. The lyrics are: "Ich hab dich lieb, du bist mein Herz, du bist mein Leben, du bist mein Alles." The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and clefs.

Handwritten musical score for the second system, featuring three staves with notes and lyrics. The lyrics are: "Ich hab dich lieb, du bist mein Herz, du bist mein Leben, du bist mein Alles." The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and clefs.

Handwritten musical score for the third system, featuring three staves with notes and lyrics. The lyrics are: "Ich hab dich lieb, du bist mein Herz, du bist mein Leben, du bist mein Alles." The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and clefs.

Handwritten musical score for the fourth system, featuring three staves with notes and lyrics. The lyrics are: "Ich hab dich lieb, du bist mein Herz, du bist mein Leben, du bist mein Alles." The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and clefs.

Handwritten musical score for the fifth system, featuring three staves with notes and lyrics. The lyrics are: "Ich hab dich lieb, du bist mein Herz, du bist mein Leben, du bist mein Alles." The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and clefs.

Handwritten musical score for the sixth system, featuring three staves with notes and lyrics. The lyrics are: "Ich hab dich lieb, du bist mein Herz, du bist mein Leben, du bist mein Alles." The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and clefs.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, time signatures, and notes. The paper is aged and slightly discolored.

Largo.

Continuation of the handwritten musical score from the previous page, featuring ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, time signatures, and notes. The paper is aged and slightly discolored.

*...wird mit dir die Güt
...der alten Mays Güt*

*...wird mit dir die Güt
...der alten Mays Güt*

Handwritten musical score for the first system, featuring multiple staves with notes and rests. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, notes, and rests, typical of 18th-century manuscript notation.

Handwritten musical score for the second system, including German lyrics written below the staves. The lyrics are:
 Auf Erden auf Erden nicht der himmels Reiches Güte zu preisen. Das ist das prege allzeit und die
 Gnade, die uns nicht verläßt, ein frommes Mergen. Ein Reich, hell und froh, ein Land der Gütlichkeit, ein Reich, das
 auf Erden ist, ein Reich, das in der Welt ist, ein Reich, das in der Welt ist, ein Reich, das in der Welt ist.

Handwritten musical score for the third system, with the title "Händel's Arie" and "Lied" written above the staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, notes, and rests, typical of 18th-century manuscript notation.

Handwritten musical score for the first system, featuring six staves with various musical notations including notes, rests, and clefs.

Handwritten musical score for the second system, featuring six staves with musical notation and German lyrics written below the bottom staff.

*Gib dich dem gütigen
o richte richte richte ein mit dir o richte richte
richte richte*

Handwritten musical score for the third system, featuring six staves with musical notation and German lyrics written below the bottom staff.

*richte ein mit dir
Gib dich dem gütigen
Gib dich dem gütigen*

Handwritten musical score for "O Welt, ich will dich loben" by Johann Sebastian Bach. The score is on ten staves, with the first two staves for the vocal parts (Soprano and Alto) and the remaining eight staves for the instrumental parts (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello, and Double Bass). The music is in G major and 3/4 time. The lyrics are written below the instrumental parts.

A handwritten musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. The score is written on ten staves. The first five staves are for vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass, and a fifth voice part), and the last five staves are for piano accompaniment. The music is in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. The lyrics 'The Rose Tree' are written below the vocal staves. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and bar lines. The handwriting is in ink on aged paper.

Handwritten musical score for the hymn "Christe, du dichst unser Leben". The score is written on ten staves. The first six staves contain the main melody and accompaniment. The seventh staff is a repeat sign. The eighth staff contains the text "Christe, du dichst unser Leben" written in a stylized, cursive script. The ninth and tenth staves continue the musical notation. The manuscript is written in dark ink on aged, slightly yellowed paper.

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring six staves. The notation is in a historical style, likely 18th or 19th century. The first five staves contain melodic lines, while the sixth staff is a basso continuo line. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (C). The music is written in a cursive, handwritten style.

First *— der Herr unser Gott — der Herr* *alt*

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring six staves. The notation is in a historical style, likely 18th or 19th century. The first five staves contain melodic lines, while the sixth staff is a basso continuo line. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (C). The music is written in a cursive, handwritten style.

Frucht der Gerechtigkeit *ruhig* *alt* *ruhig* *ruhig*

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring six staves. The notation is in a historical style, likely 18th or 19th century. The first five staves contain melodic lines, while the sixth staff is a basso continuo line. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (C). The music is written in a cursive, handwritten style.

Da Capo *Da Capo* *Da Capo* *Da Capo* *Da Capo* *Da Capo*

gütlich *gütlich* *gütlich* *gütlich* *gütlich* *gütlich*

Liedertafel *aus dem Jahr 1791* *mit dem Titel* *aus dem Jahr* *1791* *aus dem Jahr* *1791*

Handwritten musical score with lyrics in German. The lyrics are:

Die Sie hat an dem Berges Fuß
 Die Sie hat an dem Berges Fuß
 Die Sie hat an dem Berges Fuß
 Die Sie hat an dem Berges Fuß

Handwritten musical score with lyrics in German. The lyrics are:

Die Sie hat an dem Berges Fuß
 Die Sie hat an dem Berges Fuß
 Die Sie hat an dem Berges Fuß
 Die Sie hat an dem Berges Fuß

Handwritten musical score with lyrics in German. The lyrics are:

Die Sie hat an dem Berges Fuß
 Die Sie hat an dem Berges Fuß
 Die Sie hat an dem Berges Fuß
 Die Sie hat an dem Berges Fuß



163

1.

Gott man lobet dich in der
Stillen Zeit.

a

2 Clarin

Fagott.

Flaut. Fr. d. oben d. Amore

2 Violon

Viola

Cant.

Alt

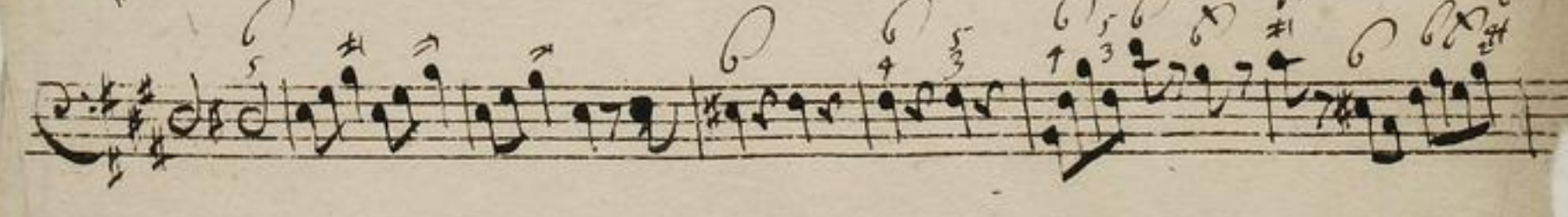
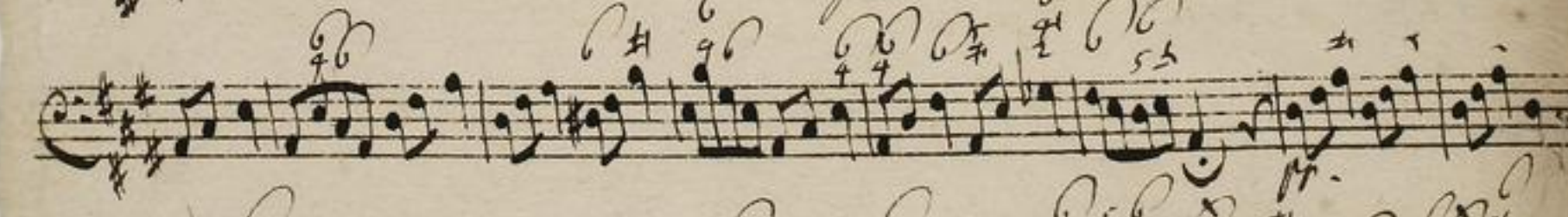
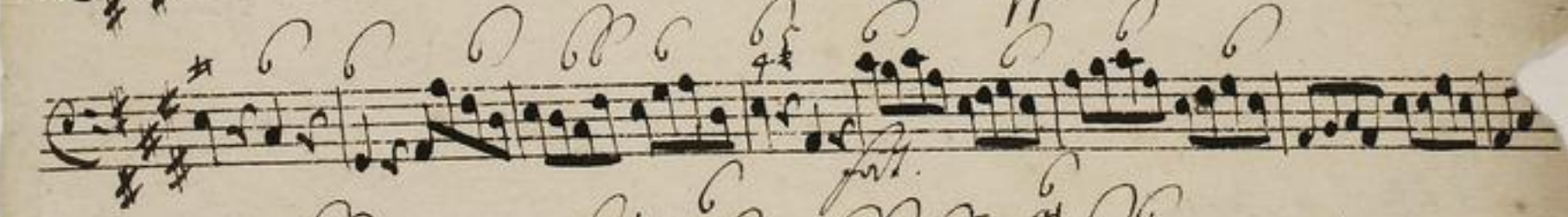
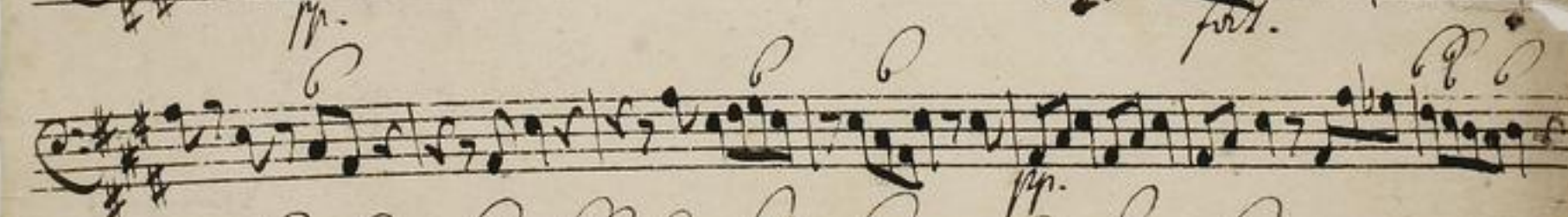
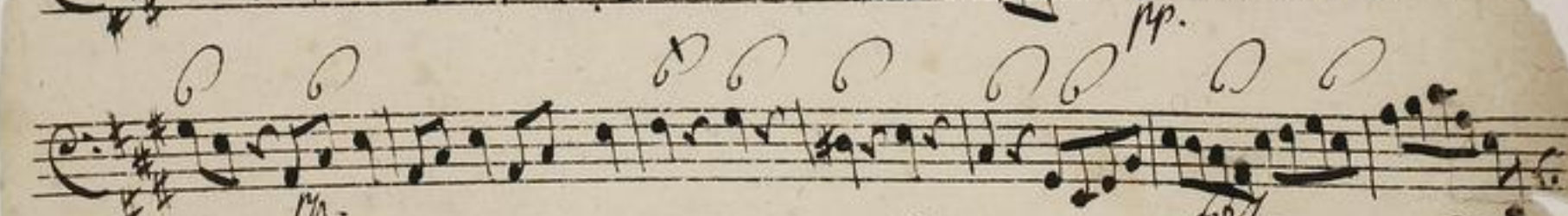
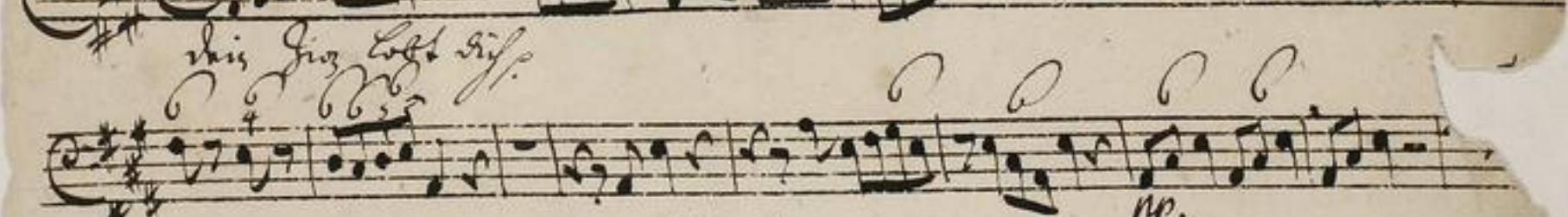
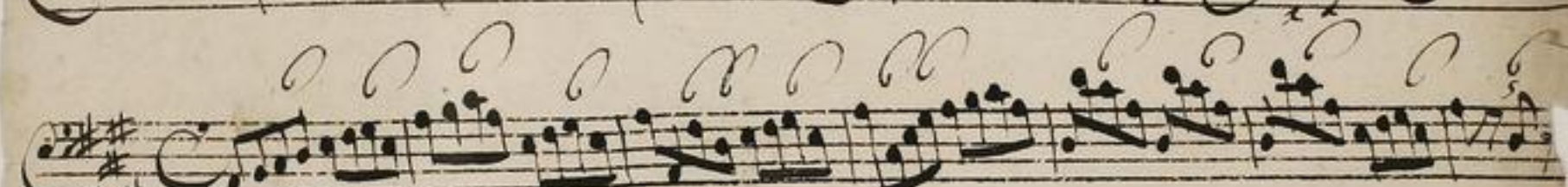
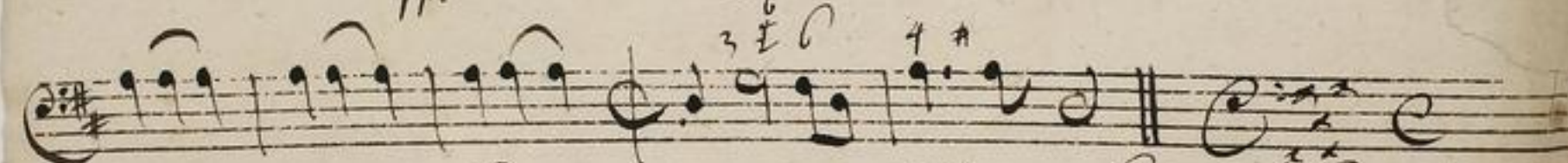
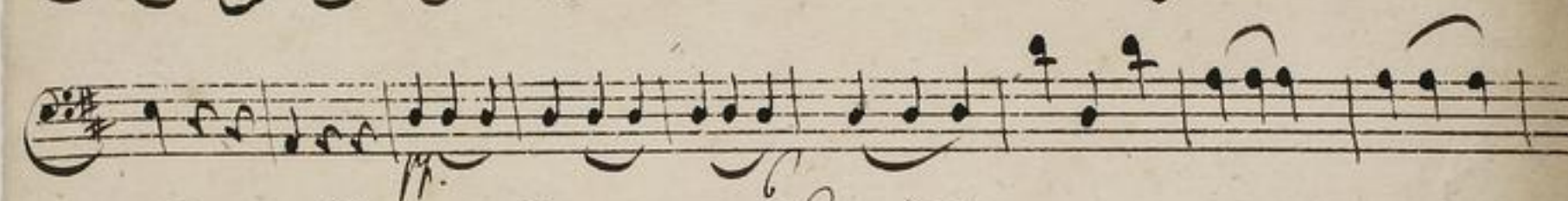
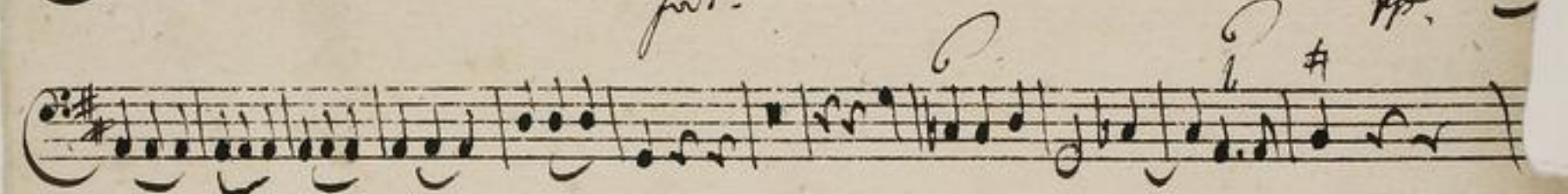
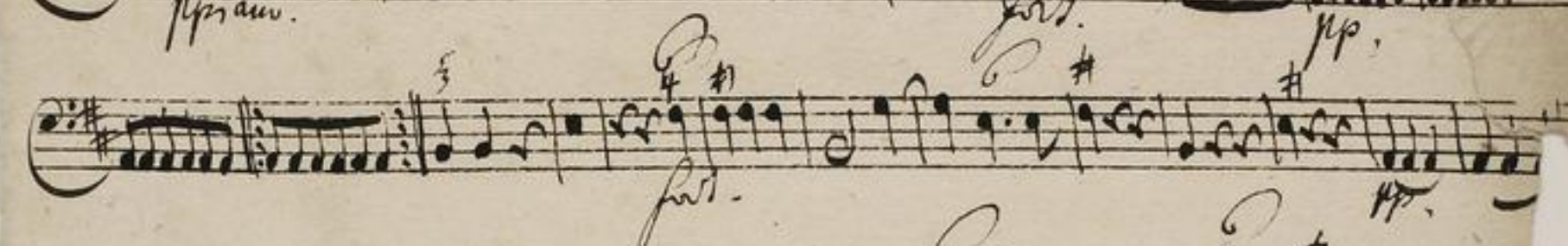
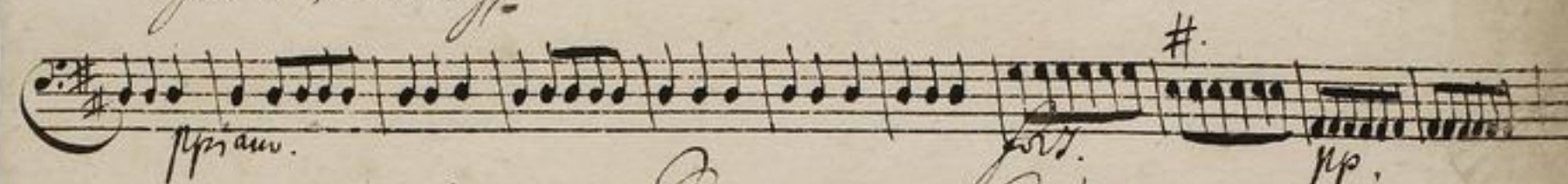
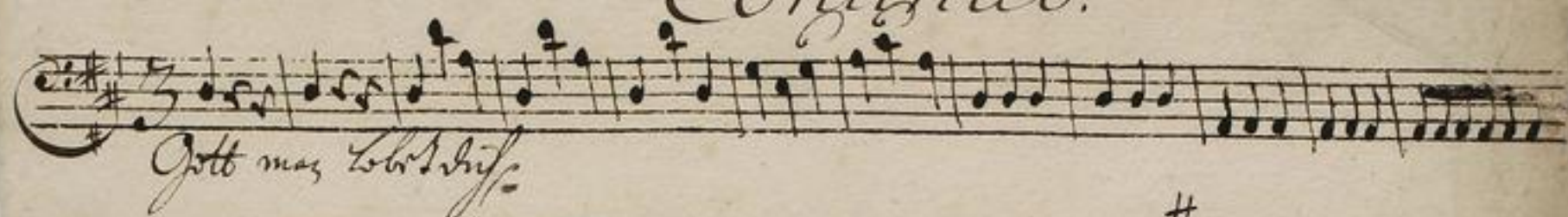
Tenore

Bass

Cant.

In der N. Amore
1730.

Continuo.







10

volti

Unison.

Handwritten musical score for Unison, featuring multiple staves of music. The notation includes treble and bass clefs, key signatures (one sharp), and various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The lyrics "Im Zins lobt dir" are visible on the first staff.

Im Zins lobt dir

piano

fort.

piano

fort.

piano

Handwritten musical score on page 41, featuring multiple staves with notes, rests, and performance instructions. The score is written in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.

The score includes the following sections and markings:

- Choral.** (written above the first staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the second staff)
- ordin.** (written above the third staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the fourth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the fifth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the sixth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the seventh staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the eighth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the ninth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the tenth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the eleventh staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the twelfth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the thirteenth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the fourteenth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the fifteenth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the sixteenth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the seventeenth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the eighteenth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the nineteenth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the twentieth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the twenty-first staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the twenty-second staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the twenty-third staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the twenty-fourth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the twenty-fifth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the twenty-sixth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the twenty-seventh staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the twenty-eighth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the twenty-ninth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the thirtieth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the thirty-first staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the thirty-second staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the thirty-third staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the thirty-fourth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the thirty-fifth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the thirty-sixth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the thirty-seventh staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the thirty-eighth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the thirty-ninth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the fortieth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the forty-first staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the forty-second staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the forty-third staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the forty-fourth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the forty-fifth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the forty-sixth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the forty-seventh staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the forty-eighth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the forty-ninth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the fiftieth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the fifty-first staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the fifty-second staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the fifty-third staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the fifty-fourth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the fifty-fifth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the fifty-sixth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the fifty-seventh staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the fifty-eighth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the fifty-ninth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the sixtieth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the sixty-first staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the sixty-second staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the sixty-third staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the sixty-fourth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the sixty-fifth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the sixty-sixth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the sixty-seventh staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the sixty-eighth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the sixty-ninth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the seventieth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the seventy-first staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the seventy-second staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the seventy-third staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the seventy-fourth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the seventy-fifth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the seventy-sixth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the seventy-seventh staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the seventy-eighth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the seventy-ninth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the eightieth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the eighty-first staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the eighty-second staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the eighty-third staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the eighty-fourth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the eighty-fifth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the eighty-sixth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the eighty-seventh staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the eighty-eighth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the eighty-ninth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the ninetieth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the ninety-first staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the ninety-second staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the ninety-third staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the ninety-fourth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the ninety-fifth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the ninety-sixth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the ninety-seventh staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the ninety-eighth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the ninety-ninth staff)
- Recit tacet** (written above the hundredth staff)

Handwritten musical score on four staves. The notation includes treble and bass clefs, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The music features complex rhythmic patterns, including many beamed sixteenth notes. The first staff has the handwritten text "1. u. 2. m." above it. The second staff has "Quart. 12 mit 12." written below it. The fourth staff ends with the word "adry." and a double bar line. The paper is aged and shows some staining.

Violino. 1.

12

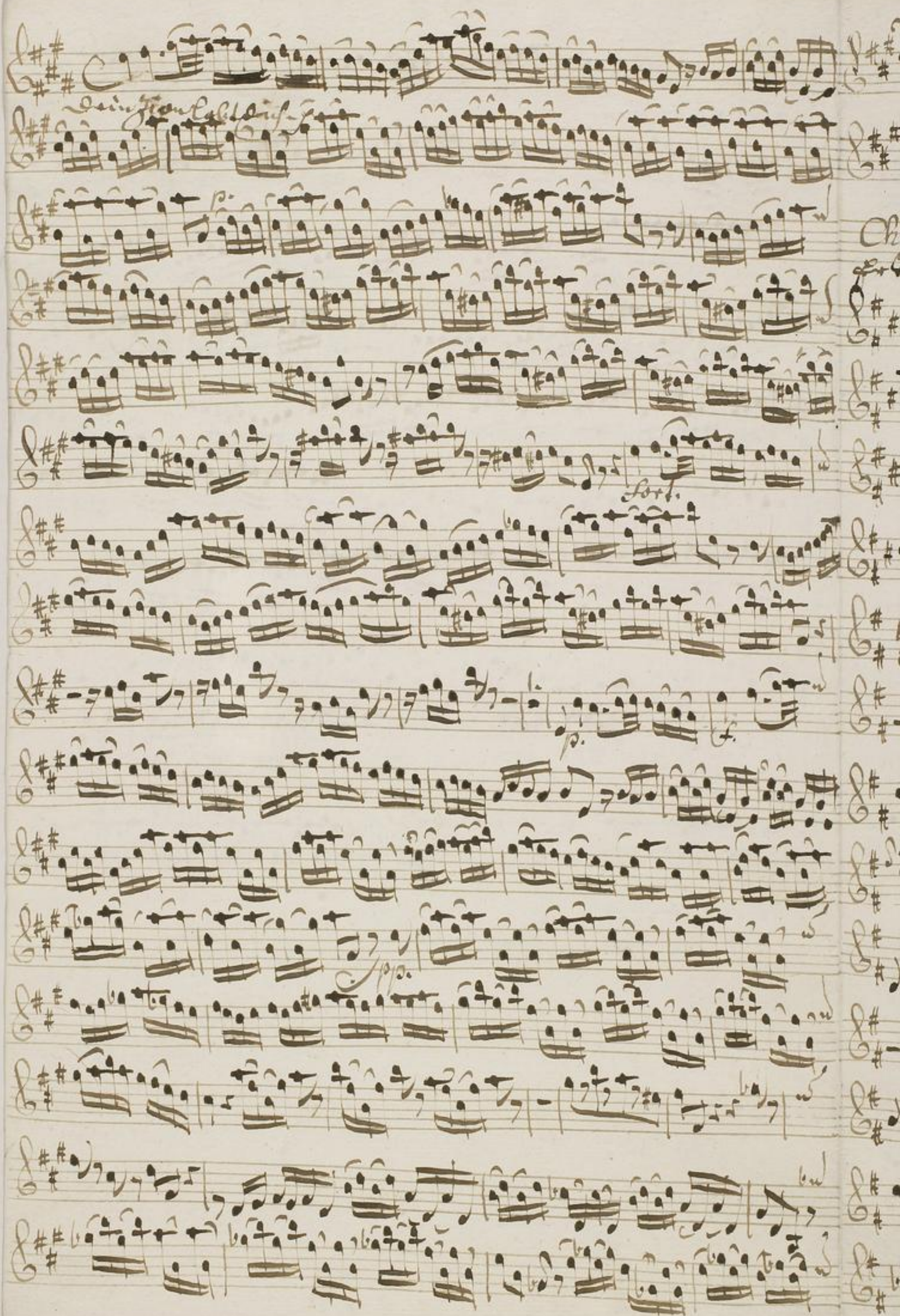
Gott mahn lob dich

p.

p.

p.

piano.



Handwritten musical score on page 13, featuring multiple staves of music in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and bar lines.

Key markings and text include:

- Recit. Tacet.* (Recitative, Silence)
- Choral* (Choral)
- Barbin.* (Baritone)
- Georgio Dürck.* (Georgio Dürck)
- Da Capo* (Repeat from the beginning)
- Recit. Tacet.* (Recitative, Silence)



Violino 2.

14

Gott may lobt sey.

mau.

for.

pp.

pp.

for.

pp.

pp.

volti

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves of music. The notation includes treble and bass clefs, key signatures (two sharps), and various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *pp.*, *for.*, *p.*, and *for.*. The text "his Jig Lobs dy." is written above the first staff. The manuscript is densely written with musical notation.

Handwritten musical score on page 15, featuring multiple staves with musical notation, lyrics, and performance instructions.

Choral.
Ich will mich dem Herrn

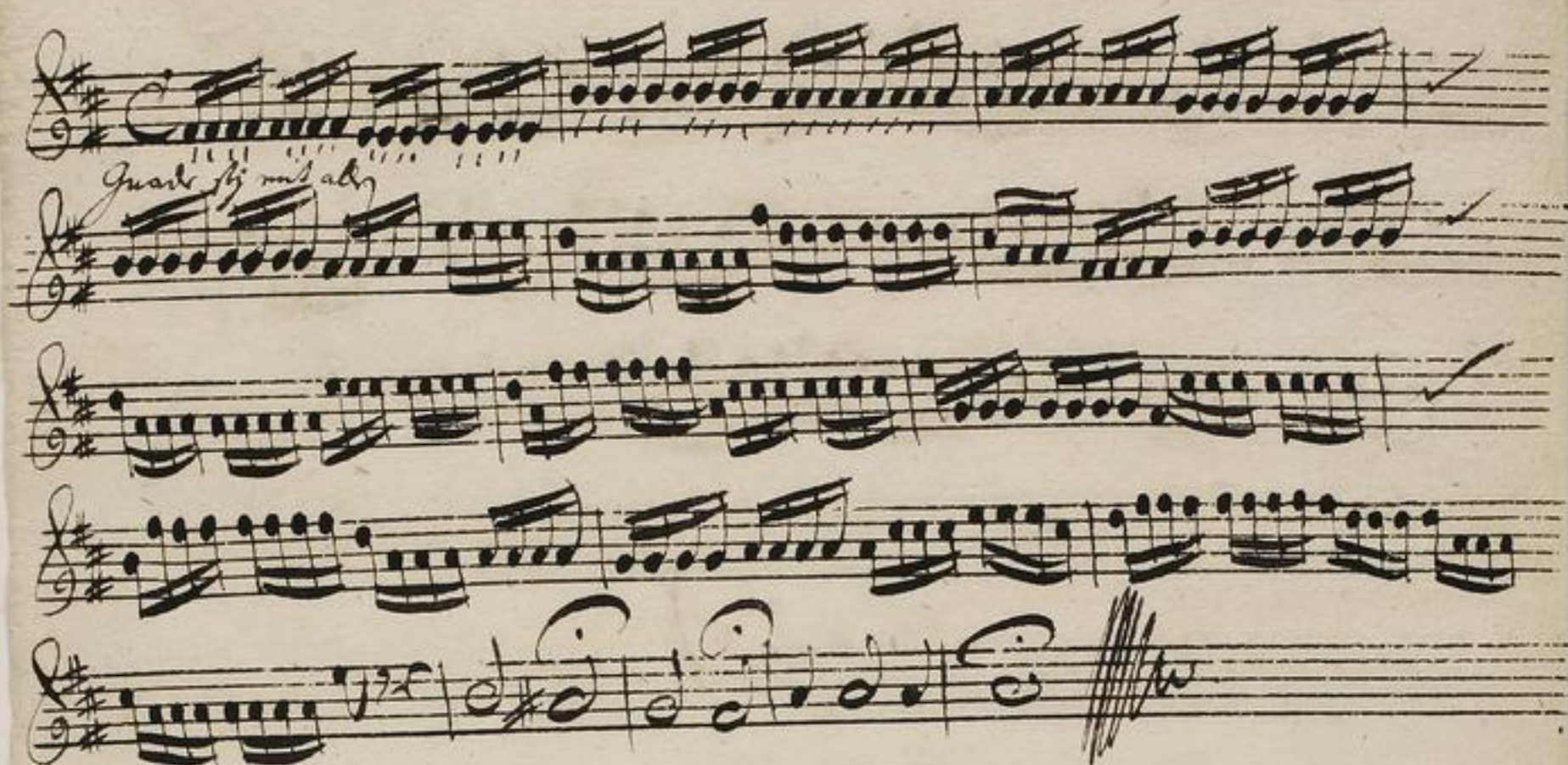
Recitat
tacet
Sordin
Herr gib Güt

Capo
Recit
tacet

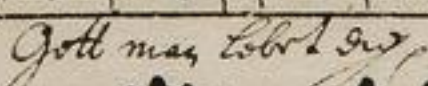
Capo

Recitat: tacet

volti



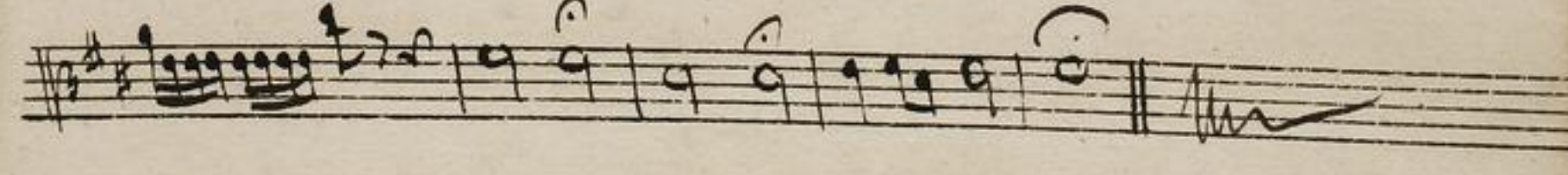
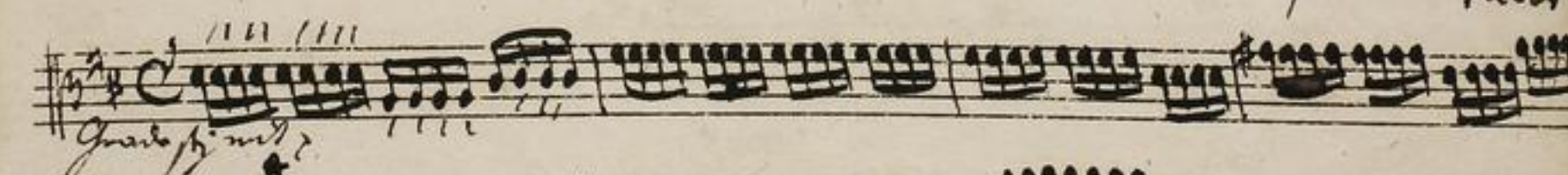
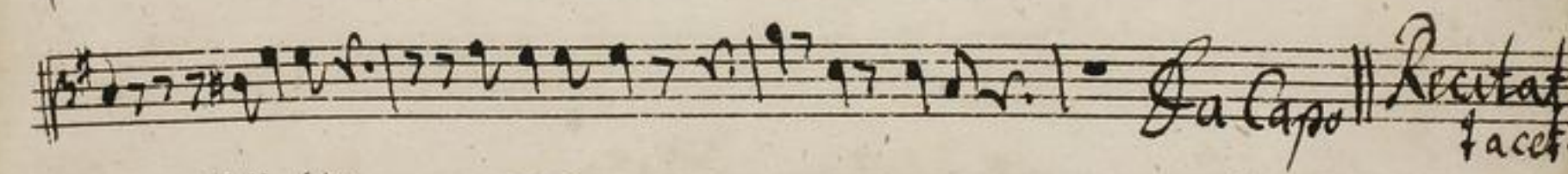
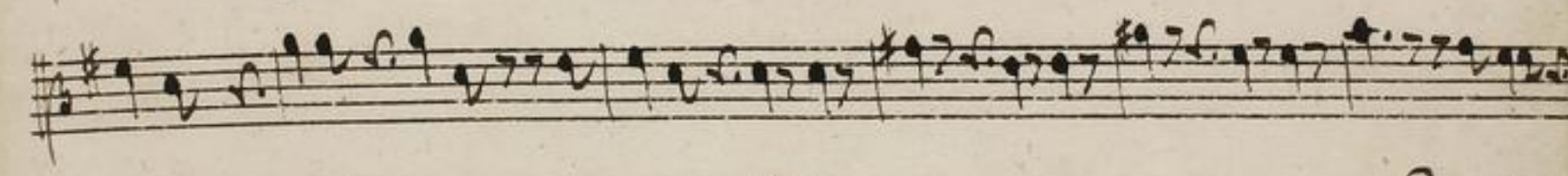
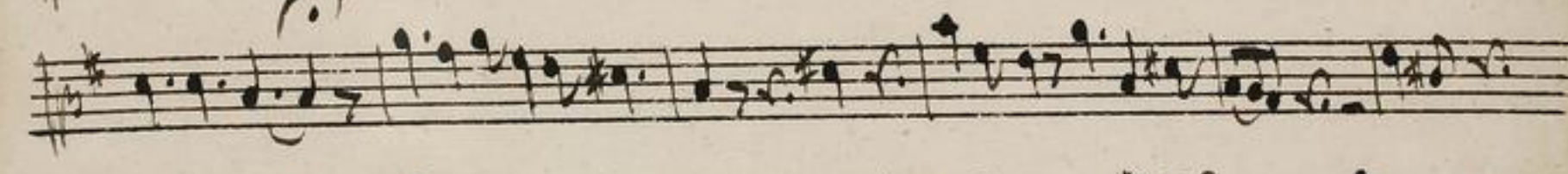
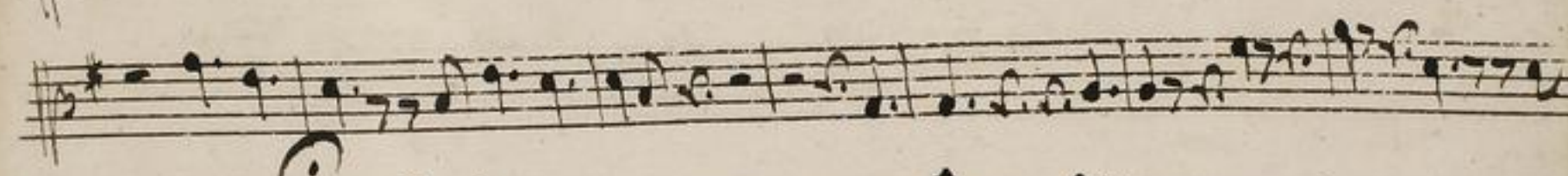
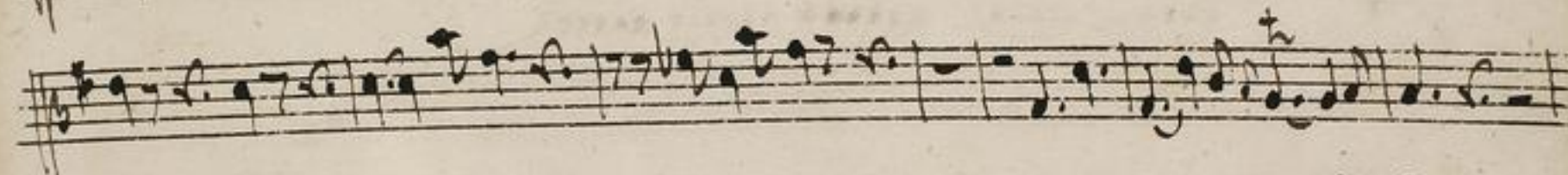
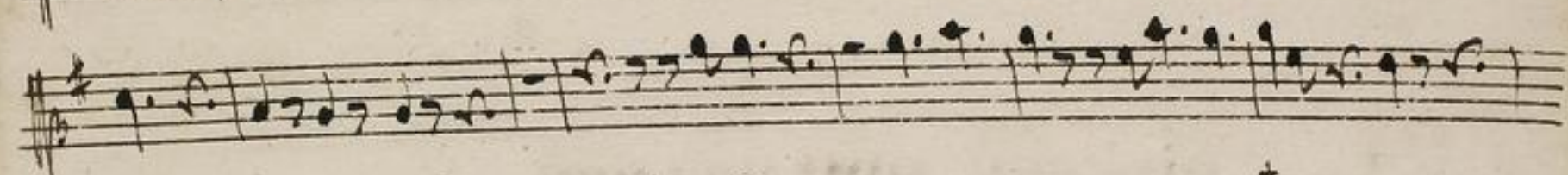
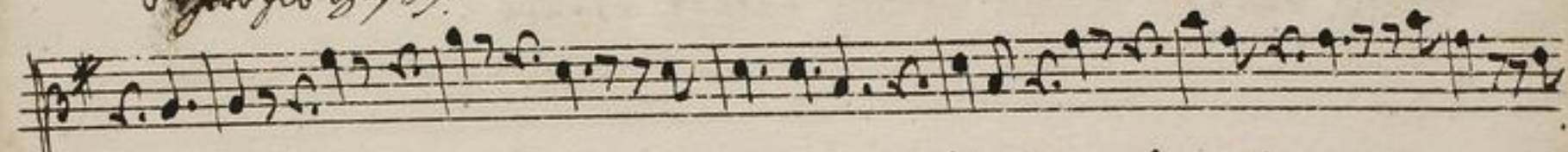
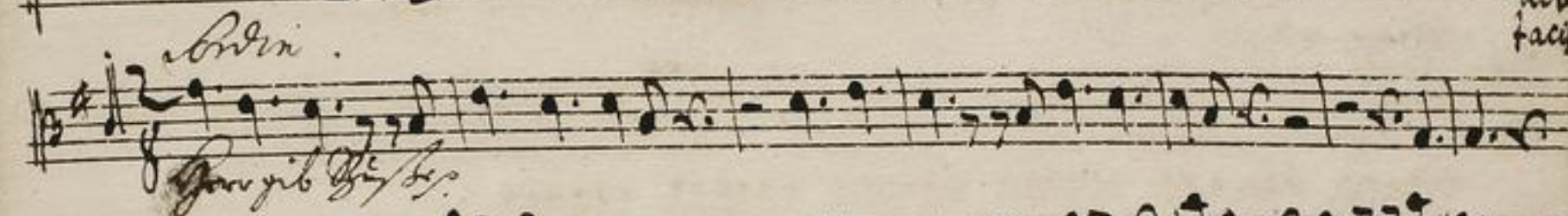
Mo



his first love.

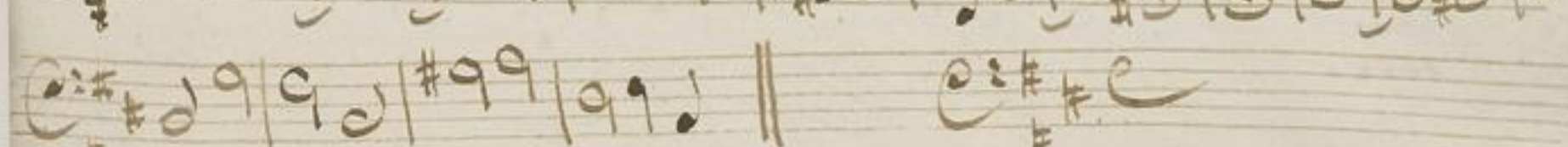
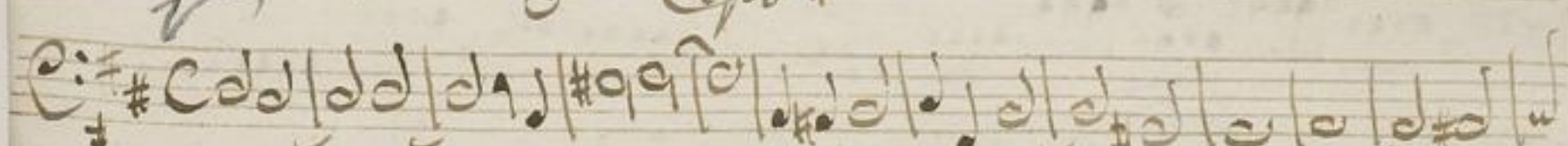
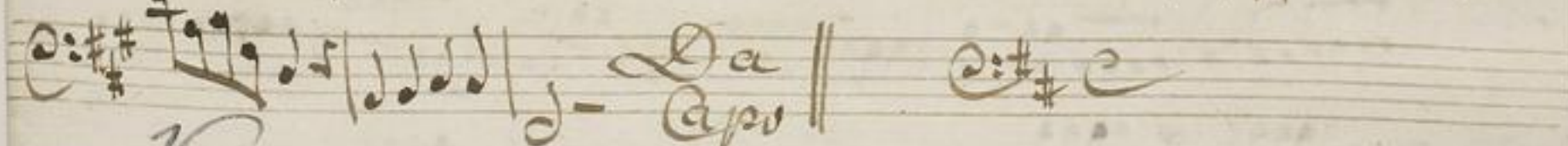
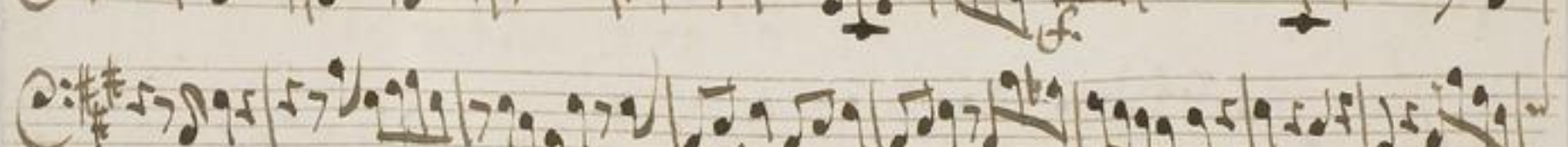
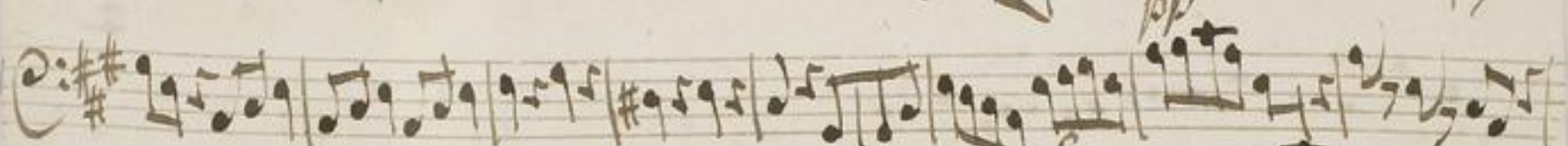
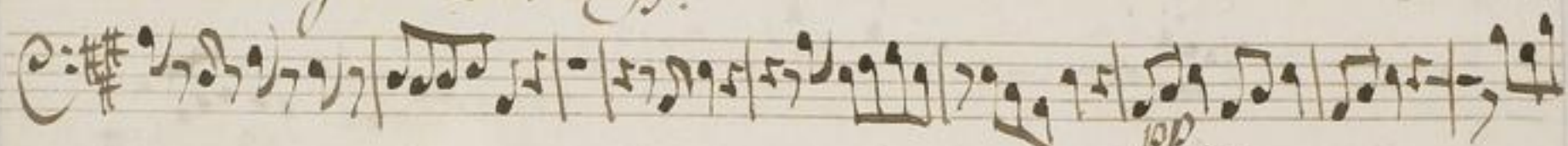
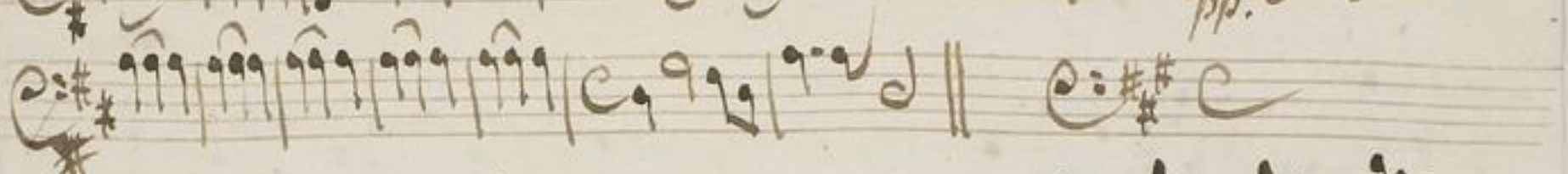
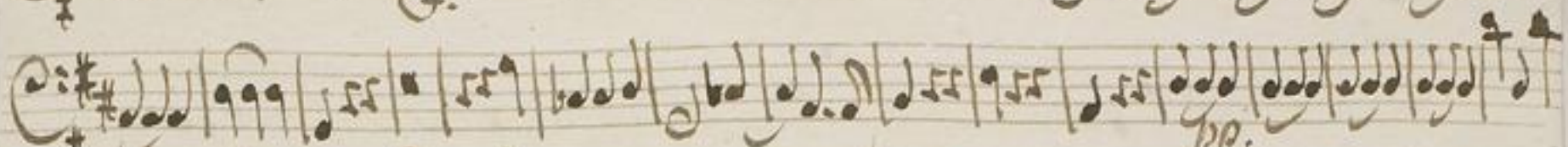
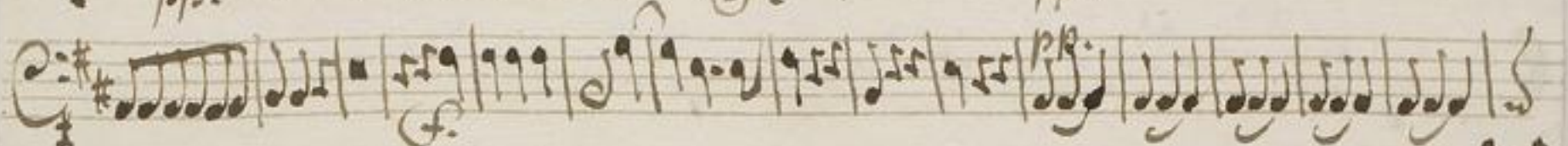
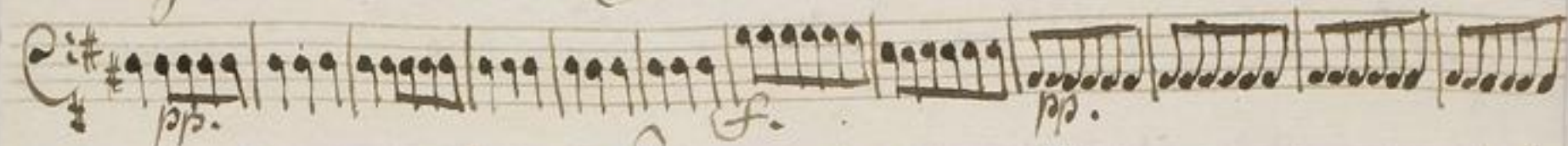
La Capot Recitet fast

Choral.



Violone.

17



Choral.

Handwritten musical score for a choral piece, featuring multiple staves with notes, rests, and lyrics. The score is written in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century. The lyrics are in German and include the following phrases:

8. Fortwähle dich.

Bordin.

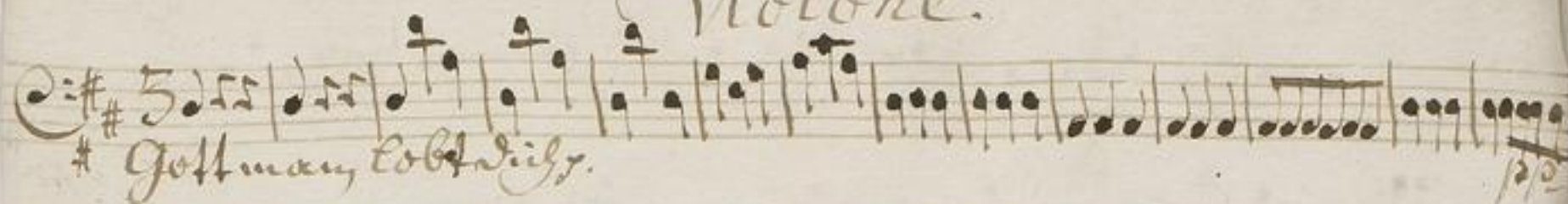
Gerechtigkeits.

Da

The score is written in a single system, with the lyrics written below the notes. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, key signatures, and note values. The paper is aged and shows some staining.

Violine.

18



Choral.

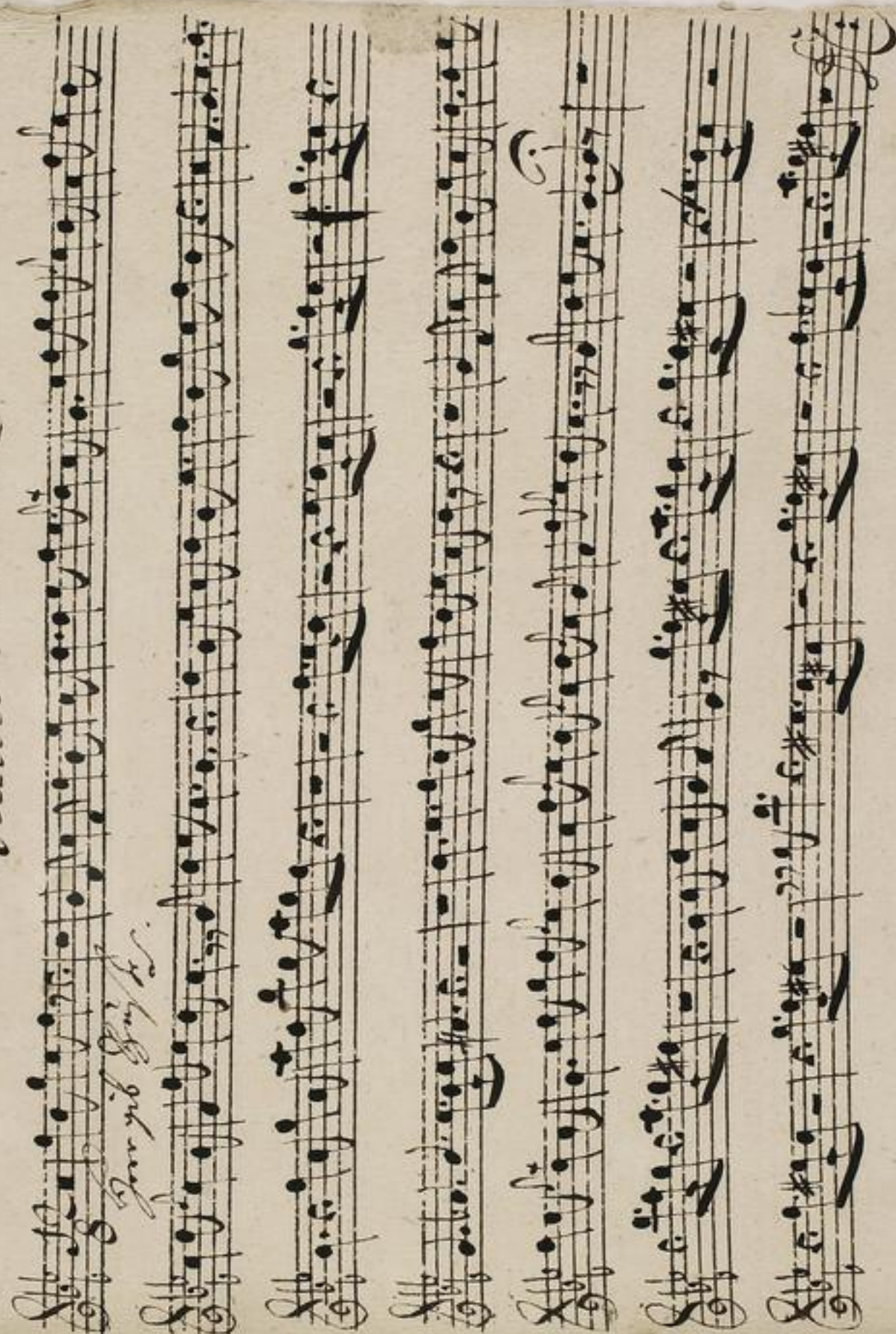
Handwritten musical score for a choral piece, featuring multiple staves with notes, rests, and lyrics in German. The score is written in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.

Lyrics visible on the staves include:

- Falsch und düpelt.*
- Sordin.*
- Gargel Gargel.*
- Capo //*
- Quarta in alt.*

The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, key signatures (one sharp), time signatures, and note values. The handwriting is in a cursive style typical of the period.

Flauto d'Amour



Flauto

20

Adagio sostenuto

2.

Adagio sostenuto

2.

2.

2.

2.

2.

2.

Da Capo

44
Hautbois Premier

Allegro

Der viel Beyer.

Capo

Obor.

22

Handwritten musical score for a single staff, likely for a vocal or instrumental part. The notation is in a historical style, featuring a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The music consists of a single melodic line with various note values, rests, and bar lines. The handwriting is elegant and characteristic of 18th or 19th-century musical notation. The score ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Clarino. 1.

23

Gott may Lobst dir.

pp. *pp.* *pp.*

Chor. *Rest. fast*

Chor.

Rest. fast

Rest. fast

Guade 1/2 mus.

1.

24

Handwritten musical score for "Junge Hymne" in G major, 2/4 time. The score consists of three staves. The first staff begins with the title "Junge Hymne" and a tempo marking "Allegro". The music is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notation includes various note values, rests, and a final double bar line with a repeat sign.

Canto.

Gott — Gott man lobet dich in der Stille man
lobet dich in der Stille zu Zion zu Zion und dich bezaubert man Ge-
liebet dich — In exo- — — — — — mit dem Gasse mit
— einem Gasse. Deine Fußstapfen tris- — — — — —
in exo- mit dem Gasse mit einem Gasse tris- — — — — —
tris- — — — — — tris- — — — — —
Es tödtet mich das Gasse, errettet mich das Gasse.
In alten Mäusen. Drüben, daß der mein Leben mag
wacht für mich die für den den Himmel all begehren mit
Gauten Gaben zu dir Auf Vater auf erminde nicht vor dem
dem Gasse zu sorgen. Vor ja in sorgen all zu sein, dein Gnade maßt
mit den im ersten Morgen. Im Tode stellt sich zum Gasse
das, wo will die den so sehr maßen, auf werden wir im
Glaubens fassen wir, wie würde mich in die dem Gasse dein
zum Licht so freundlich lassen

Herr gib Gnade Herr gib Glauben o wie wohl wird ihm mit
 sein o wie wohl - wie wohl - wird ihm mit sein Herr gib Gnade
 Herr gib Glauben o wie wohl wie wohl wird ihm mit sein wie
 wohl - o wie wohl wird ihm - mit - sein laßt uns diese
 Gnad' haben heißt: heißt von deiner Gnad' haben aller
 Dingen gott und so gewiß - entgegen alle
 wird wohl glücklich recht glücklich gesehn alle wird wohl glücklich recht
 glücklich gesehn *Capo Recitativo*
 Gnade sey mit allen mit
 allen Gnade sey mit allen die da lieb haben die da lieb haben unsern
 Herrn Jesum Christ unsern Herrn unsern Herrn Jesum Christ unsern
 Herrn Jesum Christ Amen - amen

Alto.

27

7. *Andante*
 Gott — Gott man lobt dich in der Stille man
 lobt dich in der Stille zu Zion — und dich bezaubert man Ge-
 liebt dich — In exöns Stad fahr mit deinem
 Güt und deine Fußstapfen tris- - sen von feld in exöns Stad
 fahr mit deinem Güt und deine Fußstapfen tris- - sen von feld
 tris- - sen von feld tris- - sen von feld *Aria Recit*
tacet *tacet*
 Erhöre mich Herr dein Güt, erwecke mich Herr dein Gnad,
 der alten Menschen Tränke, daß wir neu leben mag,
 moß für uns dieser Leben, der himm und all begehren und
 Ganten haben zu dir. *Recit* *Aria* *Recit*
tacet *tacet* *tacet*
 4. *Andante*
 Gnade sey mit allen mit allen Gnade sey mit allen die da lieb
 haben die da lieb haben unsern Herrn Jesum Christ unsern Herrn unsern
 Herrn Jesum Christ *Andante* amen —
 Amen

7 *pia:*
 gott — gott man lobet dich in der Stille mein

pia:
 Obes dich in der Stille zu Zion zu Zion mit dir bezaubert mein Gei,

3
 lübe dich bezaubert mein Gelübde du eröfnest des

1
 Fals mit deinem Güte mit dem süßestem, wie —

3
 — von neu gete du eröfnest des Fals mit deinem

2
 Güte und dem süßestem, wie — von neu gete

1
 wie — — von neu gete wie — — von neu gete.

Choral
 Es ist mit dem Güte — so es ist mit dem Güte
 den alten Menschen erweckt das neue Leben

Andante
 Wohl für dich dieses Fals den dem in all Begierden

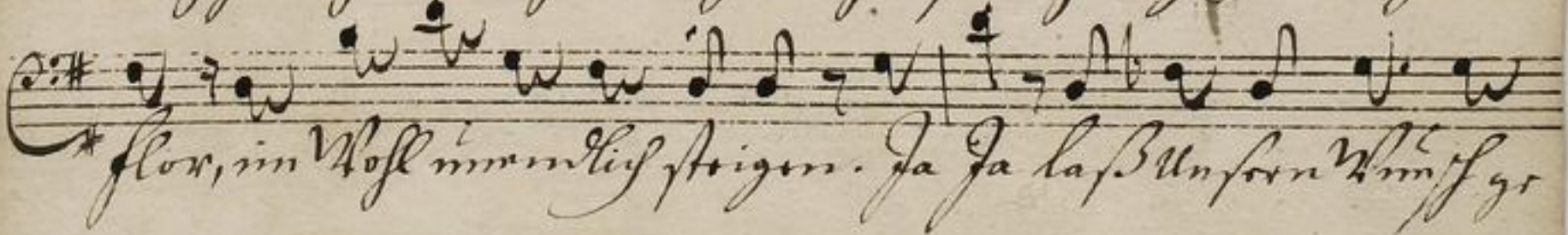
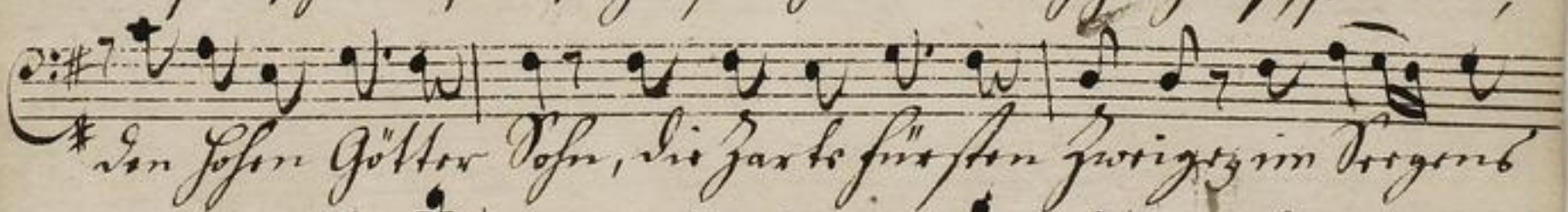
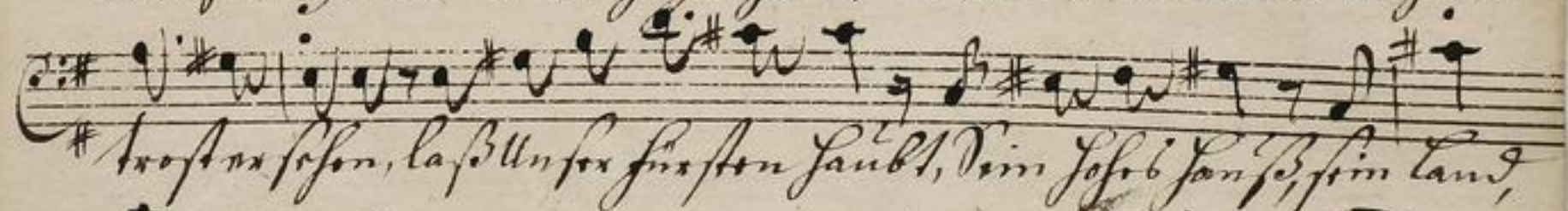
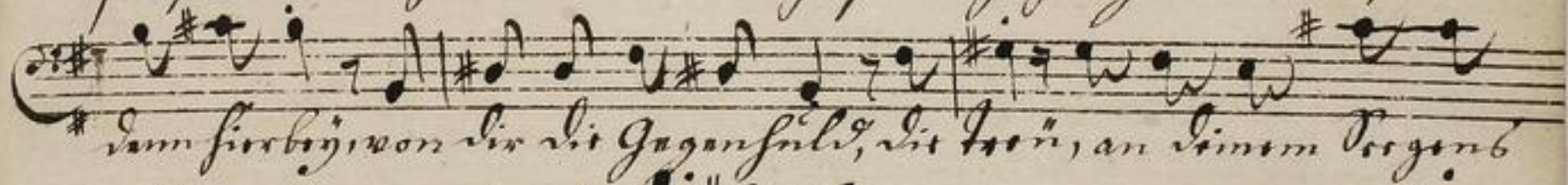
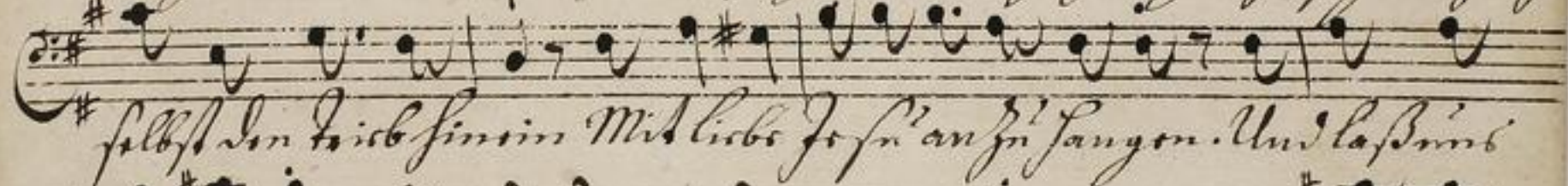
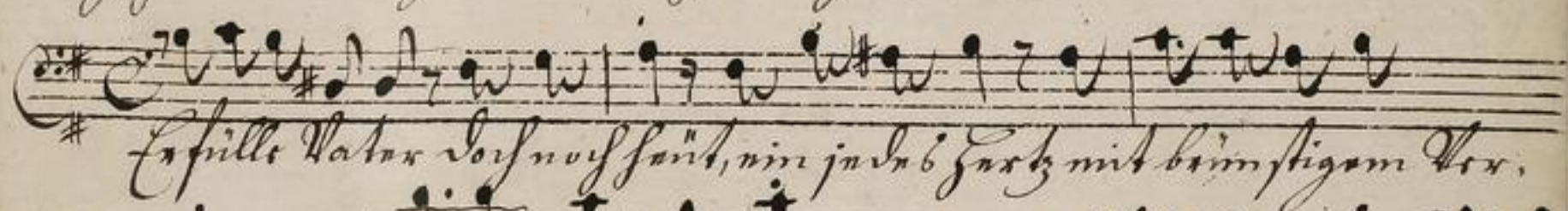
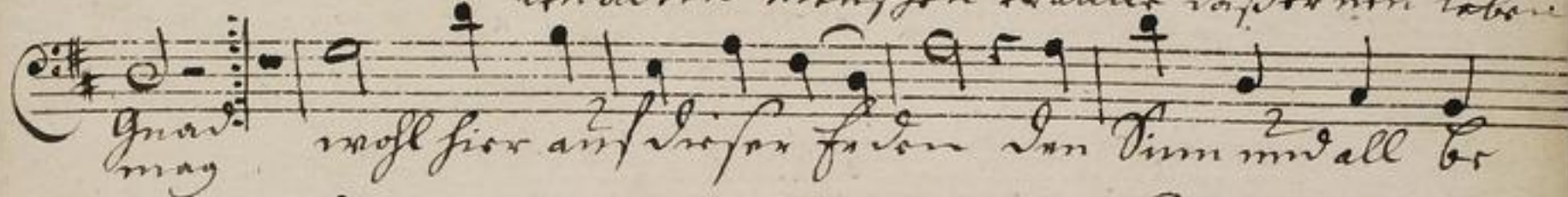
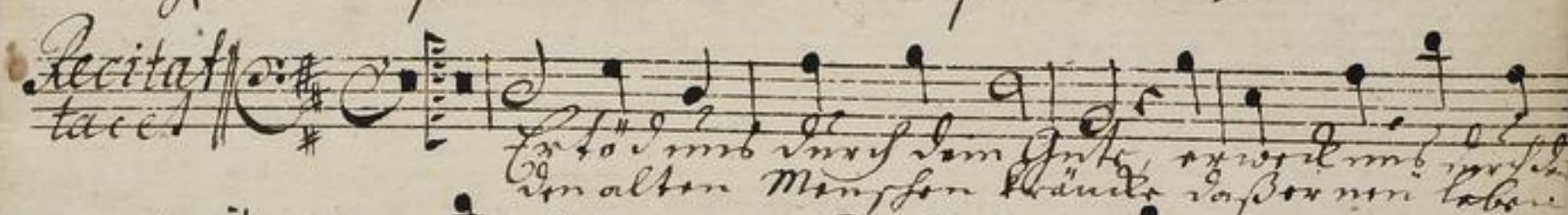
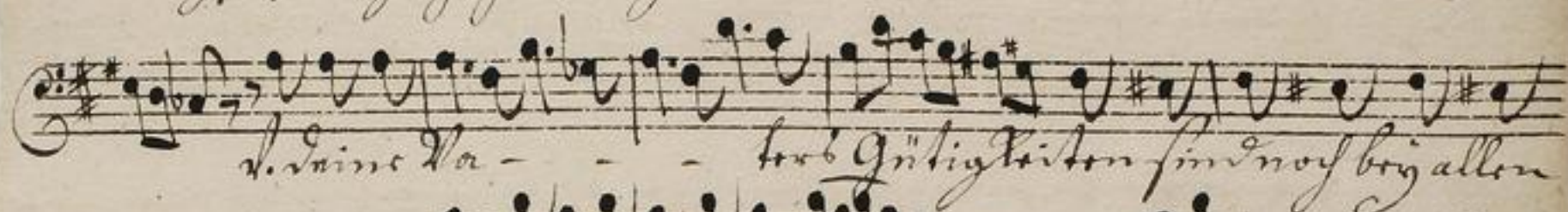
3
 und Gedankes leben zu dir. *Recit: tacet. Aria tacet.*
Recit: tacet.

Tenore

Gott — Gott man lobet dich in der Stille man —
 zu Zion — und dich bezaubert man Gelübde dir —
 In crönst du ab Jaser mit deinem Güte u. deine Fuß-
 stäpfen tris — — von feld In crönst du ab Jaser mit deinem
 Güte und deine Fußstapfen tris — — von feld tris — — von
 feld tris — — von feld *Aria*
tacett
 Das alte Jaser ist nun zu nicht gelangt, wir saugen sein ein noch
 an, woß du dir sagen kan, ein warmer Stein sein ist ein ge-
 prägt, sein alter Mann ist frey und gezogen, so das, das alte W-
 bleibt, Gott liebt, er liebt, er liebt, sein W- soll ihm gesor-
 sein was aber wir haben gezogen, auf Gott, auf Gott, auf Gott
 auf Gott, auf Gott, auf Gott

volbi

Ich will mit dir, mein Gott, erwart' mit dir, mein Gott
 In alten Menschen Tande, daß er mein Leben - mag
 noch für dich, die für dich von Himmel all begehren mit
 Gedanken haben zu dir. *Recitat* *Aria* *Recitat*
tacet *tacet* *tacet*
 Gnad' sey mit allen mit allen Gnad' sey mit allen die da
 lieb haben die da lieb haben müssen sein Jesum Christ müssen
 sein müssen sein Jesum Christ müssen müssen
 Amen - a - men.



Ich bin. Gib daß wir in jedem Stand, süß danken dir
 für alle Güter.
 Gnade sey mit allen mit allen Gnade sey mit allen
 Lieb haben wir da Lieb haben wir in unsern Herzen Jesum Jesum
 Jesum in unsern Herzen Jesum Jesum in unsern Herzen
 Amen + Amen

